# ACLD-9185 <br> ACLD-9182 <br> ACLD-8125 <br> Daughter Boards 

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## How to Use This Guide

This manual is designed to help users to use the ACLD-9185 / 9182 or 8125 . The manual describes how to modify various settings on the daughter boards to meet your requirements. It is divided into 4 Chapters.

- Chapter 1, "Introduction", gives an overview of the product features, applications and specifications.
- Chapter 2, "ACLD-9185", describes how to install and use the ACLD-9815.

Chapter 3, "ACLD-9182", describes how to install and use the ACLD-9812.

Chapter 4, "ACLD-8125", describes how to install and use the ACLD-8125.

## Introduction

The ACLD-9185 is a low cost 16-channel SPDT form C relay output board. It provides 16 electromechanical SPDT relay, which can be used by any ACL series or PCI digital output board with D/O channels on 20 -pin flat ribbon connector. You can use 16 on-board relay to control power switches. Each relay is matched with one LED to reflect it's ON/OFF status.

Each relay consumes about 33 mA when energized. When all relays on the board are active, the board takes about 0.53 A from the computer's 12 volts power supply. Normally the current driving capability of the 12 V power source is not good enough . The ACLD-9185 has a jumper switch allowing the users to connect an external +12 V power source.

The ACLD-9182 isolated D/I board provide 16 opto-isolated digital inputs which can be used by any ACL or PCI series digital input board with D/I channels on 20-pin flat ribbon connectors. It is a good solution for preventing floating potential and ground loop problems.

Each input channel has a red LED to reflect the ON/OFF status. If the input voltage is high, the LED will be on otherwise the LED is off. Each input channel is jumper selectable to either AC or DC input, also, the users do not need to care the polarity.

### 1.1 ACLD-9185 Features

The ACLD-9185 Relay Actuator and D/I Card provides the following advanced features:

- 16 Single-Pole-Double-Throw relays

LED indicators to show activated relays

- On-board relay driving circuits
- 120V/1 Amp contact rating
- Simple to program
- Controlled through TTL/CMOS signals or digital output ports of any ACL series board
- Screw terminal for wiring
- Fully compatible with Advantech's PCLD-785


### 1.2 ACLD-9182 Features

The ACLD-9182 16 channel opto-isolated D/I board provides the following advanced features:

- 16 Opto-Isolated digital input channels
- Build-in screw terminals for wiring
- Threshold adjustable for isolated input mode

On board LEDs to reflect the input logic status

- Compatible with Advantech's PCLD-782


### 1.3 ACLD-8125 Features

The ACLD-8125 Signal Conditioning Daughter board provides the following advanced features:

- 37-pin D-sub connector

Build-in screw terminals for wiring

- Cold junction temperature sensor
- On board signal conditioning circuits for every analog input channels


### 1.4 Applications

- Industrial ON/OFF control

External high power relay driving, Signal switching

- Laboratory automation
- Alarm Control
- Lighting Control
- Motor starter control
- Signal control
- Valve/solenoid control
- Switch status monitoring


### 1.5 ACLD-9185 Specifications:

| Output Channels | 16 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Relay Type | 16 SPDT ( Form C ) |
| Contact rating | 120 V AC/DC, 1 A |
| Breakdown Voltage | 1000 V AC/DC min.. |
| Release time | 5 msec max. |
| Operate time | 5 msec max.. |
| Relay ON time | 3 msec typical |
| Relay OFF time | 3 msec typical |
| Total switching time | 10 msec typical |
| Insulation Resistance | 100 mega Ohms min. |
| Life Expectancy | $>5$ million operations at full load |
| Power Consumption | $+12 \mathrm{~V}, 33 \mathrm{~mA}$ for each relay, total 0.264 A if all relay are energized +5 V , less than 0.2 A |
| Power supply | +12 V from the PC-Bus |
| Size | 203 mm X 132mm |
| Connectors | 20-pin flat cable |

### 1.6 ACLD-9182 Specifications

| Input channels | 16 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Opto-coupler | PC-814 |
| Input current | 50 mA max. for DC input |
| Input voltage | $0 \sim 24 \mathrm{VDC}$ or AC $50 \sim 1,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ <br> Logic high : $>2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Input impedence | 1.2 K Ohm |
| Isolation Voltage | $1,000 \mathrm{~V}$ channel-to-channel and channel- <br> to-ground |
| Input Signal | AC or DC, polarity-free( don't care <br> polarity) |
| Connector | 20 -Pin Flat Ribbon Cable Connector |
| Screw Terminal | 5 mm wiring spacing, 18-22 AWG |
| Indication Display | 16 red LEDs |
| Size | $20.5 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{(8.06")} \mathrm{\times 11.43} \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{(4.5")}$ |

## 2

## ACLD-9185

This chapter describes how to install and use the ACLD-9185. At first, the contents in the package and unpacking information that you should be careful are described. The jumpers setting for the ACLD-9185's base power source selection are also specified.

### 2.1 What You Have

In addition to this User's Manual, the package includes the following items:

- ACLD-9185 Relay Output Board
-20-pin 1-meter flat cable assembly
- Nylon standoffs for table-top or panel mounting

If any of these items is missing or damaged, contact the dealer from whom you purchased the product. Save the shipping materials and carton in case you want to ship or store the product in the future.

### 2.2 ACLD-9185's Layout



Figure 2.1

### 2.3 Connector Pin Assignments

The relationship between connector pins driver IC's, relay connects, LED's, and resistor arrays on the ACLD-9185 is shown in the following table:

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { CN1 } \\ & \text { PIN } \end{aligned}$ | ULN2003 IN OUT | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { RELAY } \\ \hline \hline \mathrm{K} 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | RELAY Contacts |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { LED } \\ & \hline \hline \end{aligned}$ | Resistor <br> Array <br> RP1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | U3 413 |  | COM0 | NC0 | NOO |  |  |
| 2 | U3 512 | K1 | COM1 | NC1 | NO1 | 1 | RP1 |
| 3 | U3 314 | K2 | COM2 | NC2 | NO2 | 2 | RP1 |
| 4 | U3 611 | K3 | COM3 | NC3 | NO3 | 3 | RP1 |
| 5 | U3 215 | K4 | COM4 | NC4 | NO4 | 4 | RP1 |
| 6 | U3 710 | K5 | COM5 | NC5 | NO5 | 5 | RP1 |
| 7 | U3 1116 | K6 | COM6 | NC6 | NO6 | 6 | RP1 |
| 8 | U2 1116 | K7 | COM7 | NC7 | NO7 | 7 | RP1 |
| 9 | U2 716 | K8 | COM8 | NC8 | NO8 | 8 | RP2 |
| 10 | U2 216 | K9 | COM9 | NC9 | NO9 | 9 | RP2 |
| 11 | U2 616 | K10 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COM10 } \\ & \text { NO10 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | NC10 | 10 | RP2 |
| 12 | U2 316 | K11 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COM11 } \\ & \text { NO11 } \end{aligned}$ |  | NC11 | 11 | RP2 |
| 13 | U2 516 | K12 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COM12 } \\ & \text { NO12 } \end{aligned}$ |  | NC12 | 12 | RP2 |
| 14 | U2 416 | K13 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COM13 } \\ & \text { NO13 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | NC13 | 13 | RP2 |
| 15 | $\begin{array}{lll}\text { U1 } & 7 & 10\end{array}$ | K14 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { COM14 } \\ & \text { NO14 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | NC14 | 14 | RP2 |
| 16 | U1 610 | K15 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COM15 } \\ & \text { NO15 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | NC15 | 15 | RP2 |
| 17 | Ground |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | Ground |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | +5 DC |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | +12 DC |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### 2.4 Power Source Setting

The ACLD-9185's power source can come from internal ( provided by PC bus) or external ( provided by external DC +12 V ). Both of internal and external source can provide +12 V and +5 V , respectively. The description of power source is specified as following table:

| Internal <br> power | +12 V <br> +5 V | Provided by PC bus |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| External <br> power | +12 V |  |
| +5 V |  |  |$\quad$| Provided by external DC source |
| :--- |
| through connector CN2 |

The desired power source is selected by jumpers :


### 2.5 Using Relay Output

The ACLD-9185 contains 16 SPDT Form C relays, the connection of Form C realy is shown as the following diagram.


This relay has three contacts : NC (Normal Close), NO (Normal Open), and COM( Common). The CM post, located at the middle, can make contact either NO post or NC post. When the control bit is high (1), the COM post and NO post are contacted. If the control bit is low ( 0 ), the COM post and NC post make contact.

In normal power-up and reset, the relay is in low status.

### 2.6 Connection

The ACLD-9185 is digital output daughter board which comes equipped with ACL series multi-function data acquisition cards and digital I/O card. The connection configurations of ACL series cards and the ACLD-9185 are shown as below.
2.6.1. Multi-function Cards and ACLD-8195

2.6.2. ACL Digital I/O Cards and ACLD-8195


ACL-7120, ACL-720

## 3

## ACLD-9182

This chapter describes how to install and use the ACLD-9182. At first, the contents in the package and unpacking information that you should care are described. The jumpers setting for the ACLD-9182 digital input channel configuration (Isolated or Nonisolated) are also specified.

### 3.1 What You Have

In addition to this User's Manual, the package includes the following items:

- ACLD-9182 16-channel Opto-isolated D/I Board - one 1-meter 20-pin flat cable assembly

If any of these items is missing or damaged, contact the dealer from whom you purchased the product. Save the shipping materials and carton in case you want to ship or store the product in the future.

### 3.2 ACLD-9182's Layout



Figure 3.1

### 3.3 Connector Pin Assignments

The relationship between connector CN1's pins (shown in figure 3.2 below), terminal blocks(TB1 \& TB2), LED's, and their related jumpers are shown in the following table (Table 3.1):


Figure 3.2 Pin Assignment of CN1

| CN1 PIN <br> NO. | D/I <br> Channel | TB1 \& TB2 <br> LABEL | L ED <br> NO. | RELATED <br> JUMPER |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| 1 | DI 0 | TB1 0+,0- | 0 | JA0, JB0 |
| 2 | DI 1 | TB1 1+,1- | 1 | JA1, JB1 |
| 3 | DI 2 | TB1 2+,2- | 2 | JA2, JB2 |
| 4 | DI 3 | TB1 3+,3- | 3 | JA3, JB3 |
| 5 | DI 4 | TB1 4+,4- | 4 | JA4, JB4 |
| 6 | DI 5 | TB1 5+,5- | 5 | JA5, JB5 |
| 7 | DI 6 | TB1 6+,6- | 6 | JA6, JB6 |
| 8 | DI 7 | TB1 7+,7- | 7 | JA7, JB7 |
| 9 | DI 8 | TB2 8+,8- | 8 | JA8, JB8 |
| 10 | DI 9 | TB2 9+,9- | 9 | JA9, JB9 |
| 11 | DI 10 | TB2 10+,10- | 10 | JA10, JB10 |
| 12 | DI 11 | TB2 11+,11- | 11 | JA11, JB11 |
| 13 | DI 12 | TB2 12+,12- | 12 | JA12, JB12 |
| 14 | DI 13 | TB2 13+,13- | 13 | JA13, JB13 |
| 15 | DI 14 | TB2 14+,14- | 14 | JA14, JB14 |
| 16 | DI 15 | TB2 15+,15- | 15 | JA15, JB15 |
| 17 |  | GND |  |  |
| 18 |  | GND |  |  |
| 19 |  | $+5 V$ |  |  |
| $* * 20$ |  | +12V |  |  |

## Table 3.1

** Pin-20 (+12V) depends on the output form digital input connector, such as ACL-8111, ACL-8112 are $\mathbf{+ 1 2 V}$, and ACL-7120 is strobe signal.

### 3.4 Input Mode Setting

There are 32 jumpers (JA0...JAP15, JB0...JB15) associated with each digital input channel for configuring the channel as isolated or non-isolated (Dry Contact) input. The equivalent circuit of a input channel is shown in the Figure.3.3. The digital input channels and their corresponding jumper is shown in the Table 3.1 .


Fl gure 2. 2

Each channel comes equipped with a pair of jumpers for either isolated or non-isolated selection. If the jumper plugs are installed on the upper posts of JAn, and JBn ( $\mathrm{n}=0 . .15$ ), the jumper $n$ is configured as ISOLATED, otherwise the jumper plugs should be installed on the lower posts to configure as Nonisolated. Figure 3.4 are given here to illustrate how to configure the digital input channel 1 to 7 .

The jumper setting for isolated / non-isolated of input channels 8~15 are different from channel 1~7. Figure 3.5 illustrate how to configure the digital input channel 8~15.

For channel 0~7 ( $\mathrm{n}=0 . .7$ )

| Input Signal <br> Selection | Isolated | Non-isolated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JAn | $\bullet \bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
|  | $\bullet$ | $\mathbf{I}$ |
| JBn | $\bullet$ | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\mathbf{\bullet}$ |

Figure 3.4
For channel 8~15 ( $\mathrm{n}=8 . .15$ )

| Input Signal <br> Selection | Isolated | Non-isolated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JAn | $\bullet \bullet$ | $\bullet$ |

Figure 3.5

### 3.5 Adjust Threshold for Isolated Mode

The input isolated mode of the ACLD-9182 is actually driven by current instead of voltage level. The logic low means the input leakage current should be less than 1 mA , otherwise the input status will be treated as logic High (1).

To avoid the logic high voltage as low, the ACLD-9182 is equipped with a variable resistor VR1, which is used to adjust the threshold level for all of the 16 isolated input channels.

Adjusting procedures:

1. Apply a +5 V voltage source at DIH and DIL along with a 4 K Ohms resistor. It lets input current limit about 1 mA .
2. Adjust the VR1 until the LED0 is off.

Follow the adjusting procedures, if channel 0's input voltage is low, and the input leakage current is less than 1 mA , the input status is considered as logical low (TTL 0). To prevent higher input leakage current, you can change the 3.9K Ohms resistor by a lower one, and use the above procedures to meet your requirements.

### 3.6 Customize the Current Limit Resistor

The default voltage input range of the ACLD-9182 is from 0V to 24 V . To accept higher voltage input, you should replace the current limit resistor, RA0...RA15, for each channel.

The current rating of the 4 N 35 photocoupler is about 60 mA . It is recommended that the input current is within 20 mA . If you want to choose the proper current limit resistor, please use the following formula to calculate the input current (IF).

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Vin }=\mathrm{IF}_{\mathbf{F}}^{\mathrm{x}} \mathbf{R i} \\
& \mathrm{Pw}=\text { Vin } \mathbf{X I F}
\end{aligned}
$$

Where

> Vin : Input voltage

If: Input current
Pw : Power rating
Ri : Current Limit resistor

## For example:

If the input voltage is 40 V , then the maximum input current is within 20 mA , using the above formular:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{Ri}=40(\mathrm{~V}) / 20(\mathrm{~mA})=\mathbf{2} \mathrm{K} \Omega \\
& \mathrm{Pw}=40(\mathrm{~V}) \times 20(\mathrm{~mA})=\mathbf{0 . 8} \mathbf{~ w}
\end{aligned}
$$

You should choose a $2 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ resistor and the power rating of this resistor should be 1 Watt.


## ACLD-8125

This chapter describes how to install and use the ACLD-8125. At first, the contents in the package and unpacking information that you should care are described. The circuits for the ACLD-8125 are also specified.

### 4.1 What You Have

In addition to this User's Manual, the package includes the following items:
-ACLD-8125 Signal Conditioning Daughter Board - One 1-meter 37-pin flat cable assembly

If any of these items is missing or damaged, contact the dealer from whom you purchased the product. Save the shipping materials and carton in case you want to ship or store the product in the future.

### 4.2 ACL-8125 Connections

The ACL-8125 comes equipped with a DB-37 female connector, this board is designed for ACL-8112/8216/8316 and PCI-

9111/9112 series cards for convenient wiring. This board provides two kinds of wiring style: single-ended and differential. The connections are illustrated as following figures.
(1) Single-ended connection

(2) Differential connection


### 4.3 CJC Output Configurations

An on-board Cold Junction Compensation (CJC) circuit is provided by the ACLD-8125 for thermal couple measurement. The CJC is connected with Channel 0 of the internal connector. The circuit of CJC and CHO is shown as following:


The jumper setting for CJC output configuration are as following:
(1) Single-ended with CJC

(2) Fully Differential with CJC

(3) Disable CJC


### 4.4 Circuit Diagram of ACLD-8125



## Product Warranty/Service

Seller warrants that equipment furnished will be free form defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from the confirmed date of purchase of the original buyer and that upon written notice of any such defect, Seller will, at its option, repair or replace the defective item under the terms of this warranty, subject to the provisions and specific exclusions listed herein.

This warranty shall not apply to equipment that has been previously repaired or altered outside our plant in any way as to, in the judgment of the manufacturer, affect its reliability. Nor will it apply if the equipment has been used in a manner exceeding its specifications or if the serial number has been removed.
Seller does not assume any liability for consequential damages as a result from our products uses, and in any event our liability shall not exceed the original selling price of the equipment.

The equipment warranty shall constitute the sole and exclusive remedy of any Buyer of Seller equipment and the sole and exclusive liability of the Seller, its successors or assigns, in connection with equipment purchased and in lieu of all other warranties expressed implied or statutory, including, but not limited to, any implied warranty of merchant ability or fitness and all other obligations or liabilities of seller, its successors or assigns.

The equipment must be returned postage-prepaid. Package it securely and insure it. You will be charged for parts and labor if you lack proof of date of purchase, or if the warranty period is expired.

