

TES-3082GT-M12-BP1

Industrial Managed Ethernet Switch

EN50155 Series

User's Manual

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www.oring-networking.com

ORing Industrial Networking Corp.



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Getting to Know Your Switch

1.1 About the TES-3082GT-M12-BP1 Managed Industrial Switch

ORing's Transporter[™] series managed Ethernet switches are designed for industrial applications, such as rolling stock, vehicle, and railway applications. The TES-3082GT-M12-BP1 is a managed Redundant Ring Ethernet switch with 8x10/100Base-T(X) and 2x10/100/1000Base-T(X) ports which is specifically designed for the toughest and fully compliant with EN50155 requirement. With completely support of Ethernet Redundancy protocol, O-Ring (recovery time < 10ms over 250 units of connection), Open-Ring, O-Chain, MRP and MSTP/RSTP/STP (IEEE 802.1s/w/D) can protect your mission-critical applications from network interruptions or temporary malfunctions with its fast recovery technology. Another Open-Ring technology is also supported which can applied for other vendor's proprietary ring. TES-3082GT-M12-BP1 EN50155 Ethernet switch use M12 connectors to ensure tight, robust connections, and guarantee reliable operation against environmental disturbances, such as vibration and shock.

TES-3082GT-M12-BP1 can be managed centralized and convenient by a powerful windows utility ~ Open-Vision. In addition, the wide operating temperature range from -40°C to 70°C can satisfy most of operating environment. Therefore, the switch is one of the most reliable choices for rolling stock and highly-managed Ethernet application.



1.2 Software Features

- World's fastest Redundant Ethernet Ring : O-Ring (Recovery time < 10ms over 250 units connection)
- Supports Ring Coupling, Dual Homing over O-Ring
- Supports SNMPv1/v2/v3 & RMON & Port base/802.1Q VLAN Network Management
- Event notification by Email, SNMP trap and Relay Output
- Web-based ,Telnet, Console (CLI) configuration
- DHCP assign each Equipment IP by each Port
- Link Layer Discovery Protocol(LLDP)
- Port based network access control (802.1x)
- VLAN (802.1Q) to segregate and secure network traffic
- Radius centralized password management
- SNMP v1/v2c/v3 support for secured network management
- STP/RSTP/MSTP supported
- Quality of Service (802.1p) for real-time traffic
- VLAN (802.1Q) with double tagging and GVRP supported
- IGMP v2/v3 (IGMP snooping support) for filtering multicast traffic
- PTP Client (Precision Time Protocol) clock synchronization
- Port configuration, status, statistics, mirroring, security
- Remote Monitoring (RMON)

1.3 Hardware Features

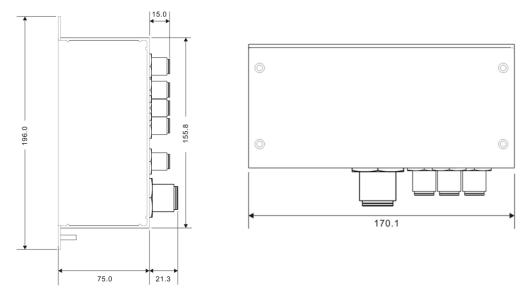
- Leading EN50155-compliant Ethernet switch for rolling stock application
- Redundant two DC power inputs
- Wide Operating Temperature: -40 to 70°C
- Storage Temperature: -40 to 85°C
- Operating Humidity: 5% to 95%, non-condensing
- Casing: IP-40
- 8 x 10/100 Base-T(X) Ports in M12 ,Auto MDI/MDIX
- 2 x 10/100/1000Base-T(X) ports in M12
- Console Port (RS-232 in M12 connector (A-coding))
- Dimensions(W x D x H) : 170 (W) x 75 (D) x196 (H) mm
- Wall mounting enabled



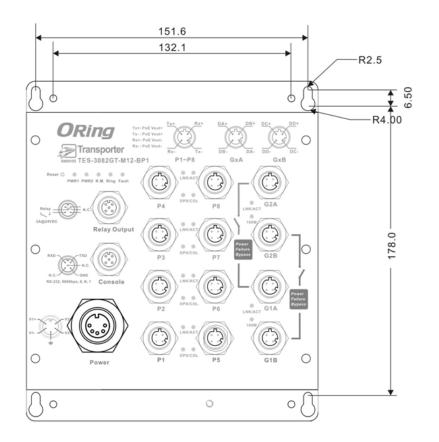
Hardware Installation

2.1 Wall Mounting Installation

Each switch has another installation method for users to fix the switch. A wall mount panel can be found in the package. The following steps show how to mount the switch on the wall:







Wall-Mounting size

Hardware Overview

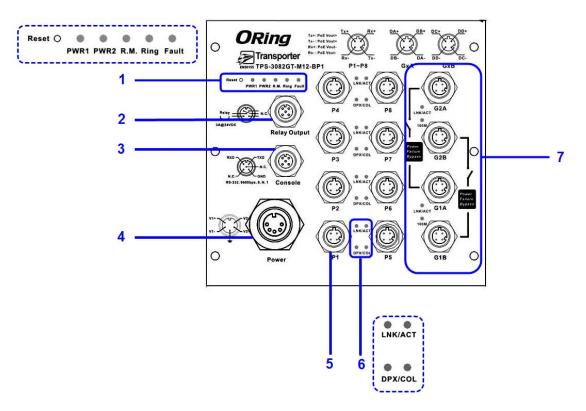
3.1 Front Panel

The following table describes the labels that stick on the TES-3082GT-M12-BP1.

Port	Description
10/100 M12 fast	8 10/100Base-T(X) M12 (D-coding) fast Ethernet ports
Ethernet ports	support auto-negotiation. Default Setting :
	Speed: auto
	Duplex: auto
	Flow control : disable
Gigabit M12 ports	2 10/100/1000Base-T(X) Gigabit ports(use two M12 Port)
Console	Use RS-232 to M12 (A-Coding) connecter to manage
	switch.
Reset	Push reset button 2 to 3 seconds to reset the switch.
	Push reset button 5 seconds to reset the switch into
	Factory Default.







TES-3082GT-M12-BP1

1. Switch Status LED

LED for PWR1. When the PWR1 links, the green led will be light on.LED for PWR2. When the PWR2 links, the green led will be light on.LED for R.M (Ring master). When the LED light on, it means that the switch is the ring master of O-Ring.

LED for Ring. When the LED light on, it means the O-Ring is activated.LED for Fault Relay. When the fault occurs, the amber LED will be light on.Reset button. Push the button 3 seconds for reset; 5 seconds for factory default.

- 2. Relay Port
- 3. Console port (M12 to Series)
- 4. Power Input (M23 connect)
- 5. 10/100Base-T(X) Ethernet ports.
- 6. Port LED Status

Green LED for Ethernet ports LNK/ACT status

Amber LED for Packet Duplex/Collision status

7. 10/100/1000Base-T(X) ports in M12(G1A \leftarrow Bypass \rightarrow G2A, G1B \leftarrow Bypass \rightarrow G2B)



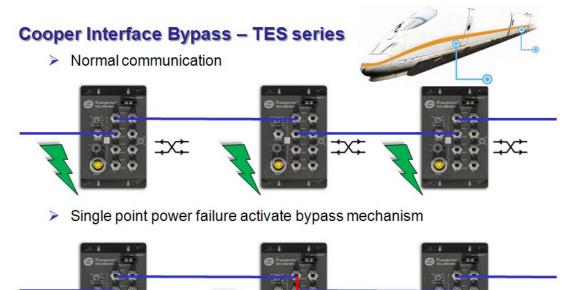
3.2 Front Panel LEDs

LED	Color	Status	Description
PW1	Green	On	DC power module 1 activated.
PW2	Green	On	DC power module 2 activated.
R.M	Green	On	O-Ring Master active.
		On	O-Ring enabled.
Ring	Green	Slowly blinking	O-Ring topology has problem
		Fast blinking	O-Ring work normally.
Fault	Amber	On	Fault relay. Power failure or Port down/fail indicator.
10/100Base	-T(X) Fast Ethernet	ports	
LNK/ACT	Green	On Blinking	Port link up. Data transmitted.
Full Duplex	Green	On	Port works under full duplex.
Collision	Green	On	Packet Collision
Gigabit Ethe	ernet ports		
LNK/ACT	Green	On Blinking	Port link up. Data transmitted.
100M	Green	On	Port link to 100M.



3.3 Hardware Bypass

Let ORing introduce the natural yet critically important network redundancy – Hardware Bypass, which effectively avoids single-point power failure in daisy chain topology or multi-point power failures in ring topology. For conventional wired Ethernet network, there is the Cooper Interface Bypass. An ORing Ethernet switch with Cooper Interface Bypass would have 2 of the Ethernet ports designated as the bypass path. Under normal circumstances, these ports would function just like any other port. However, when power failure occurs, the internal bypass circuit connects these 2 ports together, effectively letting the network ride through this Ethernet switch that has lost power to operate. An example of an ORing switch with Cooper Interface Bypass is TES-3080-M12-BP2.





Cables

4.1 Ethernet Cables

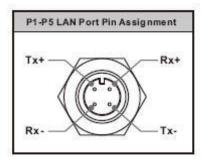
The TES-3082GT-M12-BP1 switch had standard Ethernet ports. According to the link type, the switches use CAT 3, 4, 5, 5e UTP cables to connect to any other network device (PCs, servers, switches, routers, or hubs). Please refer to the following table for cable specifications.

Cable	Туре	Max. Length	Connector
10BASE-T	Cat.3, 4, 5 100-ohm	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	M12(D-Coding)
100BASE-TX	Cat.5 100-ohm UTP	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	M12(D-Coding)
			G1A+G1B
1000BASE-TX	Cat.5/Cat.5e 100-ohm	UTP 100 m (328ft)	G2A+G2B
TUUUDASE-TA	UTP	01P 100 111 (32011)	User to M12
			Port

Cable Types and Specifications

4.1.1 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T Pin Assignments

With 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T cable, pins 1 and 3 are used for transmitting data, and pins 2 and 4 are used for receiving data.



Pin Number	Assignment
1	Tx +
2	Rx -
3	Tx -
4	Rx +



5	×
Pin Number	Assignment
Giga A - 1	BI_DA+
Giga A - 2	BI_DA-
Giga A - 3	BI_DB+
Giga B -1	BI_DC+
Giga B - 2	BI_DC-
Giga A - 6	BI_DB-
Giga B - 3	BI_DD+
Giga B - 6	BI_DD-

1000 Base-T RJ-45 Pin Assignments

The TES-3082GT-M12-BP1 switch supports auto MDI/MDI-X operation. You can use a straight-through cable to connect PC to switch. The following table below shows the 10BASE-T/ 100BASE-TX MDI and MDI-X port pin outs.

10/100 Base-TX MDI/MDI-X	pins	assignment
--------------------------	------	------------

Pin Number	MDI port	MDI-X port
1	TD+(transmit)	RD+(receive)
2	TD-(transmit)	RD-(receive)
3	RD+(receive)	TD+(transmit)
4	Not used	Not used
5	Not used	Not used
6	RD-(receive)	TD-(transmit)
7	Not used	Not used
8	Not used	Not used

1000 Base-T MDI/MDI-X pins assignment

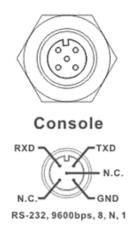
Pin Number	MDI port	MDI-X port
Giga A - 1	BI_DA+	BI_DB+
Giga A - 2	BI_DA-	BI_DB-
Giga A - 3	BI_DB+	BI_DA+
Giga B -1	BI_DC+	BI_DD+
Giga B - 2	BI_DC-	BI_DD-
Giga A - 6	BI_DB-	BI_DA-
Giga B - 3	BI_DD+	BI_DC+
Giga B - 6	BI_DD-	BI_DC-

Note: "+" and "-" signs represent the polarity of the wires that make up each wire pair.



4.2 Console Cable

TES-3080-M12 switch can be management by console port. You can connect them to PC via a RS-232 cable with DB-9 female connector and the other end (M12 connector) connects to console port of switch.





WEB Management



5.1 Configuration by Web Browser

This section introduces the configuration by Web browser.

5.1.1 About Web-based Management

An embedded HTML web site resides in flash memory on the CPU board. It contains advanced management features and allows you to manage the switch from anywhere on the network through a standard web browser such as Microsoft Internet Explorer.

The Web-Based Management function supports Internet Explorer 5.0 or later. It is based on Java Applets with an aim to reduce network bandwidth consumption, enhance access speed and present an easy viewing screen.

Note: By default, IE5.0 or later version does not allow Java Applets to open sockets. You need to explicitly modify the browser setting in order to enable Java Applets to use network ports.

Preparing for Web Management

The default value is as below: IP Address: **192.168.10.1** Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0** Default Gateway: **192.168.10.254** User Name: **admin** Password: **admin**

System Login

1. Launch the Internet Explorer.



Type http:// and the IP address of the switch. Press "Enter". 2.



- 3. The login screen appears.
- 4. Key in the username and password. The default username and password is "**admin**".
- 5. Click "Enter" or "OK" button, then the main interface of the Web-based management appears.

	ork Password word to connect to: PC-SWRD19
	admin ••••• Domain: ORING Image: Remember my credentials
🐼 Log	on failure: unknown user name or bad password.

Login screen

Main Interrac	ce		
ORING	EN50155 Ind	ustrial Managed	Ethernet Switch
			www.oring-networking.com
Open all 뗿 System Information 뗿 Front Panel	System Informatio	n	ORing Transporter
🗉 🧰 Basic Setting	System Name	TES-3082GT-M12-BP1	TES-S082GT-M12-BP1 Part Farts for And Fart
Redundancy Multicast Port Setting VLAN	System Description	EN50155 10-port managed Ethernet switch with 8x10/100Base-T(X) and 2x10/100/1000Base-T(X), M12 connector and 1xbypass included	
Traffic Prioritization	System Location		
DHCP Server/Relay	System Contact		as brack or from C2B
E C SNMP	SNMP OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.25972.100.6.0.122	
🗉 🧰 Security	Firmware Version	v1.00	
🗉 🦲 Warning	Kernel Version	v3.07	Planet Pattern
🗉 🦲 Monitor and Diag	MAC Address	00-1E-94-01-68-98	P2 P6 CANCET GIA
國 Save Configuration 國 Factory Default 國 System Reboot 國 Logout	System Uptime Enable Location Alert	0 Day(s) 0 Hour(s) 33 Min(s) 11 Sec (s)	
			Close



5.1.2 System Information

System Information

System Name	TPS-3082GT-M12-BP1
System Description	EN50155 10-port managed PoE Ethernet switch with 8x10/100Base-T(X) P.S.E. and 2x10/100/1000Base-T(X), M12 connector and 1xbypass included
System Location	
System Contact	
SNMP OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.25972.100.6.5.95
Firmware Version	v1.00
Kernel Version	v3.04
MAC Address	00-1E-94-01-0C-67
System Uptime	0 Day(s) 0 Hour(s) 12 Min(s) 33 Sec(s)
Enable Location Alert [Help]	

System Information interface

System Information

The system information will display the configuration of Basic Setting / Switch Setting page.

Enable Location Alert

When click Enable Location Alert , PWR1, PWR2 and PWR3 LEDs of the switch will start to flash together, and click Disable Location Alert , the LEDs will stop flashing.

5.1.3 Front Panel

Show the panel of TES-3082GT-M12-BP1. Click "Close" to close panel on web.





5.1.4 Basic setting

5.1.4.1 Switch Setting

System Setting

System Name	TES-3082GT-M12-BP1
System Description	EN50155 10-port managed Ethernet switch with 8x10/100Base-T(X) and 2x10/100/1000Base-T(
System Location	
System Contact	

Apply Help

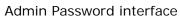
Switch setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description	
System Name	Assign the name of switch. The maximum length is 64	
	bytes	
System	Display the description of switch	
Description	Display the description of switch.	
System Location	Assign the switch physical location. The maximum length	
	is 64 bytes	
System Contact	Enter the name of contact person or organization	

5.1.4.2 Admin Password

Change web management login username and password for the management security issue





Label	Description
User name	Key in the new username (The default is "admin")
New Password	Key in the new password (The default is "admin")
Confirm password	Re-type the new password.
Apply	Click " Apply " to activate the configurations.

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

5.1.4.3 IP Setting

You can configure the IP Settings and DHCP client function through IP configuration.

IP S	etting	
	DHCP Client	: Disable 💌
	IP Address	192.168.10.1
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
	Gateway	192.168.10.254
	DNS1	0.0.0.0
	DNS2	0.0.0.0
Apply Help		

IP Configuration interface

Label	Description
DHCP Client	To enable or disable the DHCP client function. When
	DHCP client function is enabling, the switch will be
	assigned the IP address from the network DHCP server.
	The default IP address will be replaced by the IP address
	which the DHCP server has assigned. After clicking
	"Apply" button, a popup dialog shows up to inform when
	the DHCP client is enabling. The current IP will lose and
	you should find a new IP on the DHCP server.
IP Address	Assign the IP address that the network is using. If DHCP



	client function is enabling, you do not need to assign the IP
	address. The network DHCP server will assign the IP
	address for the switch and it will be display in this column.
	The default IP is 192.168.10.1
Subnet Mask	Assign the subnet mask of the IP address. If DHCP client
	function is enabling, you do not need to assign the subnet
	mask
Gateway	Assign the network gateway for the switch. The default
	gateway is 192.168.10.254
DNS1	Assign the primary DNS IP address
DNS2	Assign the secondary DNS IP address
Apply	Click " Apply " to activate the configurations.

5.1.4.4 Time Setting

This page includes configurations of SNTP and system clock.

System Clock

Time Setting

System Clock	
System Clock	Thu Jan 01 1970 00:39:12 GMT+0800 (台北標準時間)
System Date (YYYY/MM/DD)	2012 Jun 💌 22 💌
System Time (hh:mm:ss)	15 : 43 : 42
Apply Set Clock From P	C) Help

Label	Description
System clock	This field shows the current system timer. The time stamp
	could be assigned by manual configuration or by SNTP
	server.
System Date	Specify the year, month and day of system
	clock(YYYY/MM/DD). Year: 2006-2015. Month: Jan-Dec.
	Day: 1-31(28)
System Time	Specify the hour, minute and second of system
	clock(hh:mm:ss). Hour:0-24, Minute:0-59, Second:0-59



SNTP

The SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) settings allow you to synchronize switch clocks in the Internet.

UTC Timezone	(GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 🔻
SNTP Server Address	0.0.0.0
aylight Saving	J Time : Disable 💌
aylight Saving	
	2012 Jun 💙 22 💙 07 💙 ~
)aylight Saving Daylight Saving P	2012 Jun 💙 22 💙 07 💙 ~

SNTP Configuration interface

Label	Description
SNTP Client	Enable or disable SNTP function to get the time from the
	SNTP server.
Daylight Saving	Enable or disable daylight saving time function. When
Time	daylight saving time is enabling, you need to configure the
	daylight saving time period.
UTC Time zone	Set the switch location time zone. The following table
	lists the different location time zone for your reference.

Local Time Zone	Conversion from UTC	Time at 12:00 UTC
November Time Zone	- 1 hour	11 am
Oscar Time Zone	-2 hours	10 am
ADT - Atlantic Daylight	-3 hours	9 am
AST - Atlantic Standard EDT - Eastern Daylight	-4 hours	8 am
EST - Eastern Standard	-5 hours	7 am



		i
CDT - Central Daylight		
CST - Central Standard	-6 hours	6 am
MDT - Mountain Daylight	-0 Hours	0 dili
MST - Mountain		
Standard	-7 hours	5 am
PDT - Pacific Daylight		
PST - Pacific Standard		
ADT - Alaskan Daylight	-8 hours	4 am
ALA - Alaskan Standard	-9 hours	3 am
HAW - Hawaiian	-10 hours	2 am
Standard		
Nome, Alaska	-11 hours	1 am
·		
CET - Central European		
FWT - French Winter		
MET - Middle European	+1 hour	1 pm
MEWT - Middle	+ i noui	i pin
European Winter		
SWT - Swedish Winter		
EET - Eastern European,		
USSR Zone 1	+2 hours	2 pm
BT - Baghdad, USSR		
Zone 2	+3 hours	3 pm
ZP4 - USSR Zone 3	+4 hours	4 pm
		_
ZP5 - USSR Zone 4	+5 hours	5 pm
ZP6 - USSR Zone 5	+6 hours	6 pm
WAST - West Australian		
Standard	+7 hours	7 pm
CCT - China Coast,		
USSR Zone 7	+8 hours	8 pm
JST - Japan Standard,	+9 hours	9 pm
USSR Zone 8		



EAST - East Australian Standard GST Guam Standard, USSR Zone 9	+10 hours	10 pm
IDLE - International Date Line NZST - New Zealand Standard	+12 hours	Midnight
NZT - New Zealand		

Label	Description	
SNTP Sever IP	Set the SNTP server IP address.	
Address	Set the SMTF server if address.	
Daylight Saving	Set up the Daylight Saving beginning time and Daylight	
Period	Saving ending time. Both will be different each year.	
Daylight Saving		
Offset	Set up the offset time.	
Switch Timer	Display the switch current time.	
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.	

PTP Client

The Precision Time Protocol (PTP) is a time-transfer protocol defined in the IEEE 1588-2002 standard that allows precise synchronization of networks (e.g.,

Ethernet). Accuracy within the nanosecond range can be achieved with this protocol when using hardware generated timestamps.

PTP Client : Disable 💌	
Apply Help	

Label	Description
PTP Client	Enable / Disable PTP Client



5.1.4.5 LLDP

LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) function allows the switch to advertise its information to other nodes on the network and store the information it discovers.

LLDP Pro	otocol:	Enable	*			
LLDP Int	terval:	30	sec			
Apply	Help					
Apply		Table				
		Table				
	or Info	Table	-	ddress	IP	Address

LLDP configuration interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
LLDP Protocol	"Enable" or "Disable" LLDP function.
LLDP Interval	The interval of resend LLDP (by default at 30 seconds)
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.
Neighbor info table	Can show neighbor device info .

5.1.4.6 Modbus TCP

Support Modbus TCP. (About Modbus please reference

http://www.modbus.org/)

Modbus TCP	
Mode : Enable 💌	
Apply Help	

Label	Description
Mode	Enable or Disalble Modbus TCP function



5.1.4.7 Auto Provision

Auto Provision allows you to update the switch firmware automatically. You can put firmware or configuration file on TFTP server. When you reboot the switch, it will upgrade automatically. Before updating, make sure you have your TFTP server ready and the firmware image and configuration file is on the TFTP server.

Auto Provision

Configuration File Name	data.bin
Auto install firmware imag	ge file from TFTP serv 192.168.10.66
Firmware File Name	image.bin

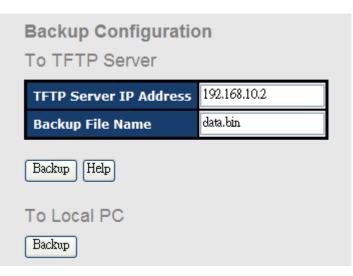


5.1.4.8 Backup & Restore

You can save current EEPROM value from the switch to TFTP server, then go to the TFTP restore configuration page to restore the EEPROM value.

Restore Configuration	on
From TFTP Server	
TFTP Server IP Address	192.168.10.2
Restore File Name	data.bin
Restore Help	
From Local PC	
	Browse
Restore	





Backup & Restore interface

Label	Description	
TFTP Server IP	Fill in the TFTP server IP	
Address		
Restore File Name	Fill the file name.	
Restore	Click " restore " to restore the configurations.	
Form Local PC	User can select file restore, not need TFTP server.	
Restore File Name	Fill the file name.	
Restore	Click " restore " to restore the configurations.	
Backup	Click " backup " to backup the configurations.	
To Local PC	User can download config file to switch. not need TFTP	
	server	



5.1.4.9 Upgrade Firmware

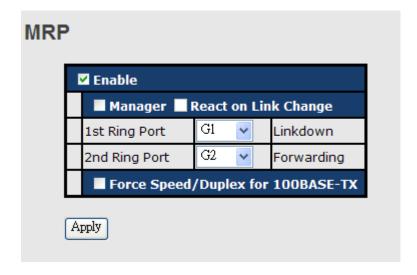
Upgrade Firmware allows you to update the switch firmware. Before updating, make sure you have your TFTP server ready and the firmware image is on the TFTP server.

Jpgrade Firmware		
From TFTP Server	192.168.10.2	
Firmware File Name	image.bin	
Upgrade Help		
From Local PC		
Upgrade	瀏覽]	

Update Firmware interface

5.1.5 Redundancy 5.1.5.1 MRP

MRP (Media Redundancy Protocol) Ring (IEC 62439) of up to 50 devices typically transforms back to a line structure within 80ms (adjustable to max. 200ms/500ms).





Label	Description	
Enable	Enabling the MRP function	
Manager	MRP Master , every one MRP topology , need setting one	
	device to Manager. (one MRP topology only can setting	
	one device to Manager, if user setting two or more	
	switch to Manager, this MRP topology will fail.)	
React on Link	Faster mode, if user enable this function , MRP Topology	
Change	will more faster convergence, this function only can	
(Advanced mode)	setting in MRP Manager Switch.	
1 st Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the MRP ring	
2 nd Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the MRP ring	
Force Speed /	Port Speed/Duplex default is auto-negotiation mode.	
Duplex for	Enable this function, MRP Ring port Speed/Duplex. Will	
100BASE-TX	automatically change to "Full" mode. (this function used	
	in combination Hirschmann Switch MRP, because	
	Hirschmann Switch MRP Ring port speed/duplex always	
	is "Full" mode)	

5.1.5.2 O-Ring

O-Ring is the most powerful Ring in the world. The recovery time of O-Ring is less than 10ms. It can reduce unexpected damage caused by network topology change. O-Ring supports three Ring topologies: O-Ring, Coupling Ring and Dual Homing.

 Enable Ring	ster	
 1st Ring Port	Port.01 🔽	LINKDOWN
 2nd Ring Port	Port.02 🗸	LINKDOWN
Enable Couple Ring]	
Couple Port	Port.03 🔽	LINKDOWN
Enable Dual Homin	g	
Homing Port	Port.05 🔽	LINKDOWN



Label	Description	
Enable Ring	Mark to enable Ring.	
Enable Ring Master	There should be one and only one Ring Master in a ring.	
	However if there are two or more switches which set	
	Ring Master to enable, the switch with the lowest MAC	
	address will be the actual Ring Master and others will be	
	Backup Masters.	
1 st Ring Port	The primary port, when this switch is Ring Master.	
2 nd Ring Port	The backup port, when this switch is Ring Master.	
Enable Coupling Ring	Mark to enable Coupling Ring. Coupling Ring can be	
	used to divide a big ring into two smaller rings to avoid	
	effecting all switches when network topology change.	
	It is a good application for connecting two Rings.	
Coupling Port	Link to Coupling Port of the switch in another ring.	
	Coupling Ring need four switch to build an active and a	
	backup link.	
	Set a port as coupling port. The coupled four ports of	
	four switches will be run at active/backup mode.	
Control Port	Link to Control Port of the switch in the same ring.	
	Control Port used to transmit control signals.	
Enable Dual Homing	Mark to enable Dual Homing. By selecting Dual	
	Homing mode, O-Ring will be connected to normal	
	switches through two RSTP links (ex: backbone	
	Switch). The two links work as active/backup mode,	
	and connect each O-Ring to the normal switches in	
	RSTP mode.	
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.	

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Note: We don't suggest you to set one switch as a Ring Master and a Coupling Ring at the same time due to heavy load.



5.1.5.3 OPEN-Ring

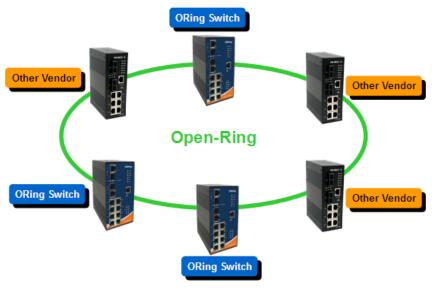
Open-Ring technology can be applied for other vendor's proprietary ring. Thus, you can add switches of ORing into the network constructed by other ring technology and enable Open-Ring to co-operate with other vendor's managed switch.

Enable	
Vender	Можх 🗸 🗸
1st Ring Port	Port.01 🔽
2nd RingPort	Port.02 🗸

Open-Ring interface

Label	Description	
Enable	Enabling the Open-Ring function	
Vender	Choosing the venders that you want to join to their ring	
1 st Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the ring	
2 nd Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the ring	

The application of Open-Ring is shown as below.



Open-Ring connection



5.1.5.4 O-Chain

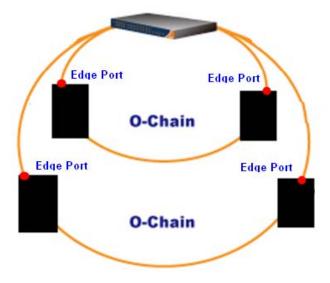
O-Chain is the revolutionary network redundancy technology that provides the add-on network redundancy topology for any backbone network, providing ease-of-use while maximizing fault-recovery swiftness, flexibility, compatibility, and cost-effectiveness in one set of network redundancy topologies O-Chain allows multiple redundant network rings of different redundancy protocols to join and function together as a larger and more robust compound network topology, i.e. the creation of multiple redundant networks beyond the limitations of current redundant ring technology.

Chain			
E	nable		
	Uplink Port	Edge Port	State
1st	Port.01 🗸		Linkdown
2nd	Port.02 🔽		Forwarding

Apply

Ο

Label	Description	
Enable	Enabling the O-Chain function	
1 st Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the ring	
2 nd Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the ring	
Edge Port	In the O-Chain application, the head and tail of two Switch	
	Port, must start the Edge, MAC smaller Switch, Edge port	
	will be the backup and RM LED Light.	





5.1.5.5 RSTP – Repeater

RSTP-Repeater is a simple function, this function can direct pass RSTP BPDU packet, like two RSTP devices connected..

RSTP-Repeater

	Uplink Port	RSTP Edge Port
1st	Port.01 💌	
2nd	Port.02 💌	

Label	Description	
Enable	Check this box to enable RSTP-Repeater.	
1 st Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the RSTP	
2 nd Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the RSTP	
Edge Port	Only the edge device (connected to RSTP device) needs to	
	specify edge port. The user must specify the edge port	
	according to topology of network.	

5.1.5.6 Fast Recovery

The Fast Recovery Mode can be set to connect multiple ports to one or more switches. The TES-3082GT-M12-BP1 with its fast recovery mode will provide redundant links. Fast Recovery mode supports 10 priorities, only the first priority will be the act port, the other ports configured with other priority will be the backup ports.

Fast Recovery Mode				
	Active	e		
	Port.01	Not included 🔽		
	Port.02	Not included 🔽		
	Port.03	Not included 🔽		
	Port.04	Not included 🔽		
	Port.05	Not included 🔽		

Fast Recovery Mode interface



Label	Description
Active	Activate the fast recovery mode.
port	Port can be configured as 10 priorities. Only the port with
	highest priority will be the active port. 1st Priority is the
	highest.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

5.1.5.7 RSTP

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) is an evolution of the Spanning Tree Protocol. It provides faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change. The system also supports STP and the system will auto detect the connected device that is running STP or RSTP protocol.

RSTP setting

You can enable/disable RSTP function, and set parameters for each port.

RSTP - Bridge Setting

RSTP Mode	Enable 🔽
Priority (0-61440)	32768
Max Age (6-40)	20
Hello Time (1-10)	2
Forward Delay Time (4-30)	15

Priority must be a multiple of 4096. 2*(Forward Delay Time-1) should be greater than or equal to the Max Age.

The Max Age should be greater than or equal to 2*(Hello Time + 1).

Apply Help

RSTP Setting interface

Label	Description	
RSTP mode	You must enable or disable RSTP function before	
	configuring the related parameters.	
Priority (0-61440)	A value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge	
	with the lowest value has the highest priority and is	
	selected as the root. If the value changes, You must	



	reboot the switch. The value must be multiple of 4096		
	according to the protocol standard rule.		
Max Age Time(6-40)	The number of seconds a bridge waits without receiving		
	Spanning-tree Protocol configuration messages before		
	attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a value between 6		
	through 40.		
Hello Time (1-10)	The time that controls switch sends out the BPDU		
	packet to check RSTP current status. Enter a value		
	between 1 through 10.		
Forwarding Delay	The number of seconds a port waits before changing		
Time (4-30)	from its Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and		
	listening states to the forwarding state. Enter a value		
	between 4 through 30.		
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.		

NOTE: Follow the rule to configure the MAX Age, Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time.

2 x (Forward Delay Time value -1) > = Max Age value >= 2 x (Hello Time value +1)

Root Bridge Information

Show RSTP algorithm result at this table

Bridge ID	8000001E94011E7A			
Root Priority	32768			
Root Port	ROOT			
Root Path Cost	0			
Max Age	20			
Hello Time	2			
Forward Delay	15			

RSTP - Port Setting

Port.01					
Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 V]	128	auto 🗸	true 💙	false 🗸

priority must be a multiple of 16

Apply Help



Port Status

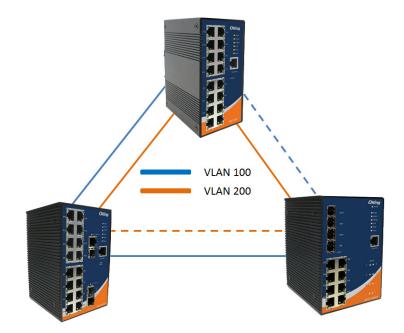
Port	Path Cost	Port Priority	Oper P2P	Oper Edge	Stp Neighbor	State	Role
Port.01	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.02	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.03	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.04	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.05	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
							1

Label	Description				
Path Cost	The cost of the path to the other bridge from this				
(1-20000000)	transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a				
	number 1 through 200000000.				
Port Priority (0-240)	Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN.				
	Enter a number 0 through 240. The value of priority				
	must be the multiple of 16				
Admin P2P	Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible				
	within RSTP are dependent upon whether the port				
	concerned can only be connected to exactly one other				
	bridge (i.e. It is served by a point-to-point LAN				
	segment), or it can be connected to two or more				
	bridges (i.e. It is served by a shared medium LAN				
	segment). This function allows the P2P status of the				
	link to be manipulated administratively. True means				
	P2P enabling. False means P2P disabling.				
Admin Edge	The port directly connected to end stations, and it				
	cannot create bridging loop in the network. To				
	configure the port as an edge port, set the port to				
	"True".				
Admin Non STP	The port includes the STP mathematic calculation.				
	True is not including STP mathematic calculation.				
	False is including the STP mathematic calculation.				
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.				



5.1.5.8 MSTP

Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) is a standard protocol base on IEEE 802.1s. The function is that several VLANs can be mapping to a reduced number of spanning tree instances because most networks do not need more than a few logical topologies. It supports load balancing scheme and the CPU is sparer than PVST (Cisco proprietary technology).





MSTP - Bridge Setting

MSTP Enable	Enable 🐱	
Force Version	MSTP 🐱	
Configuration Name	MSTP_SWITCH	
Revision Level (0-65535)	0	
Priority (0-61440)	32768	
Max Age Time (6-40)	20	
Hello Time (1-10)	2	
Forward Delay Time (4-30)	15	
Max Hops (1-40)	20	

Priority must be a multiple of 4096. 2*(Forward Delay Time-1) should be greater than or equal to the Max Age. The Max Age should be greater than or equal to 2*(Hello Time + 1).

Apply

MSTP Setting interface

Label	Description		
MSTP Enable	You must enable or disable MSTP function before		
	configuring the related parameters.		
Force Version	The Force Version parameter can be used to force a VLAN		
	Bridge that supports RSTP to operate in an		
	STP-compatible manner.		
Configuration	The same MST Region must have the same MST		
Name	configuration name.		
Revision Level	The same MST Region must have the same revision level.		
(0-65535)			
Priority	A value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with		
(0-61440)	the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as		
	the root. If the value changes, You must reboot the		
	switch. The value must be multiple of 4096 according to		
	the protocol standard rule.		
Max Age	The number of seconds a bridge waits without receiving		
Time(6-40)	Spanning-tree Protocol configuration messages before		



	attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a value between 6				
	through 40.				
Hello Time (1-10)	The setting follow the rule below to configure the MAX Age,				
	Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time at controlled switch				
	sends out the BPDU packet to check RSTP current status.				
	Enter a value between 1 through 10.				
	2 x (Forward Delay Time value −1) ≥ Max Age value ≥ 2 x (Hello				
	Time value +1)				
Forwarding Delay	The number of seconds a port waits before changing from				
Time (4-30)	its Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening				
	states to the forwarding state. Enter a value between 4				
	through 30.				
Max Hops (1-40)	This parameter is additional to those specified for RSTP. A				
	single value applies to all Spanning Trees within an MST				
	Region (the CIST and all MSTIs) for which the Bridge is the				
	Regional Root.				
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.				

MSTP - Bridge Port

Port No.	Priority (0-240)	Path Cost (1-200000000, 0:Auto)	Admin P2P	Admin Edge	Admin Non Stp
Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05	128	0	auto 🗸	true 🗸	false 💙

priority must be a multiple of 16

Apply

MSTP Port interface

Label	Description		
Port No.	Selecting the port that you want to configure.		
Priority (0-240)	Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN.		
	Enter a number 0 through 240. The value of priority mus		
	be the multiple of 16		



Path Cost	The cost of the path to the other bridge from this				
(1-20000000)	transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number				
	1 through 200000000.				
Admin P2P	Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible				
	within RSTP are dependent upon whether the port				
	concerned can only be connected to exactly one other				
	bridge (i.e. It is served by a point-to-point LAN segment),				
	or it can be connected to two or more bridges (i.e. It is				
	served by a shared medium LAN segment). This function				
	allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated				
	administratively. True means P2P enabling. False				
	means P2P disabling.				
Admin Edge	Label				
Admin Non STP	Label				
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.				

MSTP - Instance Setting

Instance	State	VLANs	Priority (0-61440)
1 🔽	Enable 🔽	1-4094	32768

Priority must be a multiple of 4096.

Apply

MSTP Instance interface

Label	Description			
Instance	Set the instance from 1 to 15			
State	Enable or disable the instance			
VLANs	Set which VLAN will belong which instance			
Proprietary	A value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with			
(0-61440)	the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as			
	the root. If the value changes, You must reboot the			
	switch. The value must be multiple of 4096 according to			
	the protocol standard rule.			
Apply	Click " Apply " to activate the configurations.			



MSTP - Instance Port

Port	Priority (0-240)	Path Cost (1-20000000, 0:Auto)	
Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05	128	0	

Priority must be a multiple of 16

Apply

MSTP Instance Port interface

Label	Description			
Instance	Set the instance's information except CIST			
Port	Selecting the port that you want to configure.			
Priority (0-240)	Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN.			
	Enter a number 0 through 240. The value of priority must			
	be the multiple of 16			
Path Cost	The cost of the path to the other bridge from this			
(1-20000000)	transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number			
	1 through 200000000.			
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.			



5.1.6 Multicast 5.1.6.1 IGMP Snooping

Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is used by IP hosts to register their dynamic multicast group membership. IGMP has 3 versions, IGMP v1, v2 and v3. Please refer to RFC 1112, 2236 and 3376. IGMP Snooping improves the performance of networks that carry multicast traffic. It provides the ability to prune multicast traffic so that it travels only to those end destinations that require that traffic and reduces the amount of traffic on the Ethernet LAN.

IGMP Snooping

Apply Help

IGMP Snooping interface

Label	Description			
IGMP Snooping Table	Show current IP multicast list			
IGMP Protocol	Enable/Disable IGMP snooping.			
IGMP Query	Switch will be IGMP querier or not. There should exist			
	one and only one IGMP querier in an IGMP application.			
	The "Auto" mode means that the querier is the one with			
	lower IP address.			
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.			
Help	Show help file.			



5.1.6.2 MVR

MVR Function can provide different VLAN users to receive MVR Mode VLAN Multicast Packet.

IVR MVR Mode: MVR VLAN: 1	MVR Mode: Disable					
Port	Туре	Immediate Leave				
Port.01	Inactive 🔽					
Port.02	Inactive 🔽					
Port.03	Inactive 🔽					
Port.04	Inactive 🔽					
Port.05	Inactive 🔽					
Port.06	Inactive 🔽					
Port.07	Inactive 🔽					

Label	Description
MVR Mode	Enable or Disable MVR Mode
MVR VLAN Setting MVR VLAN	
ТҮРЕ	Setting Port Type to inactive Receiver Source
Immediate Leave	Enable or disable Immediate leave



5.1.6.3 Static Multicast Filtering

Static Multicast filtering is the system by which end stations only receive multicast traffic if they register to join specific multicast groups. With multicast filtering, network devices only forward multicast traffic to the ports that are connected to registered end stations.

Static Multicast Filtering		
Multicast IP Address :		
Member Ports :		
□ Port.01 □ Port.02 □ Port.03 □ Port.04 □ Port.05 □ Port.06 □ Port.07 □ Port.08 □ G1 □ G2		

Add	Help
-----	------

IP Address	Member Ports
230.0.0.6	Port.04, Port.05

Delete Help

Multicast Filtering Interface

Label	Description		
IP Address	Assign a multicast group IP address in the range of		
	224.0.0.0 ~ 239.255.255.255		
Member Ports	Tick the check box beside the port number to include		
	them as the member ports in the specific multicast		
	group IP address.		
Add	Show current IP multicast list		
Delete	Delete an entry from table		
Help	Show help file.		



5.1.7 Port Setting

5.1.7.1 Port Control

By this function, you can set the state, speed/duplex, flow control, and security of the port.

Port Control

Port No.	State	Speed/Duplex	Flow Control	Security
Port.01	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 🔻	Disable 🗸
Port.02	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 💌	Disable 🗸
Port.03	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 🔽	Disable 🔽
Port.04	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 🔽	Disable 🗸
Port.05	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 🔽	Disable 🗸
Port.06	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 🔽	Disable 🗸
Port.07	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 🔽	Disable 🗸
Port.08	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 💌	Disable 🔽
Port.09	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 💌	Disable 🗸
Port.10	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 👻	Symmetric 🔽	Disable 🐱

Apply Help

Port Control interface

Label	Description	
Port NO.	Port number for setting.	
State	Enable/Disable the port.	
Speed/Duplex	You can set Auto-negotiation, 100-full, 100-half, 10-full,	
	10-half mode.	
Flow Control	Support symmetric and asymmetric mode to avoid packet	
	loss when congestion occurred.	
Security	Enabled port security will disable MAC address learning in	
	this port. Thus only the frames with MAC addresses in port	
	security list will be forwarded, otherwise will be discarded.	
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.	



5.1.7.2 Port Status

The following information provides the current port status information

Port Status

Port No.	Туре	Link	State	Speed/Duplex	Flow Control
Port.01	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.02	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.03	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.04	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A

Port Status interface

5.1.7.3 Port Alias

The user can define the name of every port and convenient management every port.

Port Alias

Port No.	Port Alias
Port.01	
Port.02	
Port.03	
Port.04	
Port.05	

5.1.7.4 Rate Limit

By this function, you can limit traffic of all ports, including broadcast, multicast and flooded unicast. You can also set "Ingress" or "Egress" to limit traffic received or transmitted bandwidth.

Rate Limit

Port No.	Ingress Limit Frame Type	Ingress	Egress
Port.01	All	0 kbps	0 kbps
Port.02	All 🗸	0 kbps	0 kbps
Port.03	All 🗸	0 kbps	0 kbps
Port.04	All	0 kbps	0 kbps
Port.05	All 🗸	0 kbps	0 kbps

Rate Limit interface



Label	Description
Ingress Limit	You can set " all ", "Broadcast
Frame Type	only", "Broadcast/Multicast"
	or "Broadcast/Multicast/Flooded Unicast" mode.
Ingress	The switch port received traffic.
Egress	The switch port transmitted traffic.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

5.1.7.5 Port Trunk

Port Trunk – Setting

You can select static trunk or 802.3ad LACP to combine several physical links with a logical link to increase the bandwidth.

ort Trunk - Setting			
Port No.	Group ID	Туре	
Port.01	None 🔽	Static 🔽	
Port.02	None 🔽	Static 🔽	
Port.03	None 🔽	Static 🔽	
Port.04	None 🔽	Static 🔽	
Port.05	None 🔽	Static 🔽	
Port.06	None 🔽	Static 🔽	
Port.07	None 🔽	Static 🔽	
Port.08	None 🔽	Static 🔽	
Port.09	None 🔽	Static 🔽	
Port.10	None 🔽	Static 🔽	

Note: the types should be the same for all member ports in a group.



Group IC	Work Ports
Trunk1	max 🔽
Trunk2	max 🔽
Trunk3	max 🔽
Trunk4	max 🔽
Trunk5	max 🔽

Port Trunk - Setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description	
Group ID	Select port to join a trunk group.	
Туре	Support static trunk and 802.3ad LACP	
Work Port	Select the number of active ports in dynamic group	
	(LACP). The default value of works ports is maximum	
	number of the group. If the number is not maximum	
	number of ports, the other inactive ports in dynamic	
	group will be suspended (no traffic). Once the active	
	port is broken, the suspended port will be active	
	automatically.	
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.	

Port Trunk – Status

Port	Trunk	- Status	
	Group ID	Trunk Member	Туре
	Trunk 1	N/A	Static
	Trunk 2	N/A	Static
	Trunk 3	N/A	Static
	Trunk 4	N/A	Static
	Trunk 5	N/A	Static

Port	Trunk -	Status	interface



Label	Description
Group Key	Trunk Group number
Port Member	Show Group port info

5.1.7.6 Loop Guard

This feature prevents the loop attack, when the port receives loop packet. This port will auto disable, prevent the "loop attack" affect other network devices

Loop Guard

Port No.	Active	Port State
Port.01		Enable
Port.02		Enable
Port.03		Enable

Label	Description
Active	Loop Guard Enable or Disable
Port Status	Port work status.

5.1.8 VLAN

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a logical network grouping that limits the broadcast domain, which allows you to isolate network traffic. Only the members of the VLAN will receive traffic from the same members of VLAN. Basically, creating a VLAN from a switch is logically equivalent of reconnecting a group of network devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, all the network devices are still plugged into the same switch physically.

The switch supports port-based and 802.1Q (tagged-based) VLAN. The default configuration of VLAN operation mode is at "**802.1Q**".

5.1.8.1 VLAN Setting - IEEE 802.1Q

Tagged-based VLAN is an IEEE 802.1Q specification standard, and t is possible to create a VLAN across devices from different switch venders. IEEE 802.1Q VLAN uses a technique to insert a "tag" into the Ethernet frames. Tag contains a VLAN Identifier (VID) that indicates the VLAN numbers.

You can create Tag-based VLAN, and enable or disable GVRP protocol. There are 256 VLAN groups to provide configure. Enable 802.1Q VLAN, the all ports on the switch belong to default VLAN, VID is 1. The default VLAN cannot be deleted.



GVRP allows automatic VLAN configuration between the switch and nodes. If the switch is connected to a device with GVRP enabled, you can send a GVRP request by using the VID of a VLAN defined on the switch; the switch will automatically add that device to the existing VLAN.

VLAN Setting

	-			
VLAN Operation Mode : 802.1Q				
GVRP N	lode : Di	isable 🔽		
Management VLAN ID : 0 Apply				
Port VLAN Setting				
Port No.	Link Type	PVID	Untagged VIDs	Tagged VIDs
Port.01	Access 💊	r 1	1	
Port.02	Access 💊	• 1	1	
Port.03	Access 💊	1	1	

VLAN Configuration - 802.1Q interface

Label	Description
VLAN Operation	Configure VLAN Operation Mode: disable, Port
Mode	Base,802.1Q
GVRP Mode	Enable/Disable GVRP function.
Management VLAN	Management VLAN can provide network administrator a
ID	secure VLAN to management Switch. Only the devices
	in the management VLAN can access the switch.
Port	Select the port to configure.
Link type	There are 3 types of link type:
	Access Link: single switch only, allows you to group
	ports by setting the same VID.
	Trunk Link: extended application of Access Link,
	allows you to group ports by setting the same VID with
	2 or more switches.
	Hybrid Link: Both Access Link and Trunk Link are
	available.



	Hybrid(QinQ) Link: enable QinQ mode , allow you to
	insert one more VLAN tag in a original VLAN frame.
Untagged VID	Set the port default VLAN ID for untagged devices that
	connect to the port. The range is 1 to 4094.
Tagged VIDs	Set the tagged VIDs to carry different VLAN frames to
	other switch.
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.

5.1.8.2 VLAN Setting – Port Based

Packets can go among only members of the same VLAN group. Note all unselected ports are treated as belonging to another single VLAN. If the port-based VLAN enabled, the VLAN-tagging is ignored.

VLAN Setting
VLAN Operation Mode : Port Based 🐱
Port Based VLAN List
Add Edit Delete Help

VLAN Configuration – Port Base interface-1

Label	Description
Add	Click "add" to enter VLAN add interface.
Edit	Edit exist VLAN
Delete	Delete exist VLAN
Help	Show help file.



LAN Setting VLAN Operation Mode : Port Based -		
Group Nar VLAN		
Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 Port.06 Port.07 Port.08 Port.09 Port.10 Port.10	Add Remove	

VLAN Configuration – Port Base interface-2

Label	Description
Group Name	VLAN name.
VLAN ID	Specify the VLAN ID
Add	Select port to join the VLAN group.
Remove	Remove port of the VLAN group
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.



5.1.9 Traffic Prioritization

Traffic Prioritization includes 3 modes: port base, 802.1p/COS, and TOS/DSCP. By traffic prioritization function, you can classify the traffic into four classes for differential network application.

5.1.9.1 Qos policy

olicy
QoS Mode : Disable 💌
QoS Policy :
 Use an 8,4,2,1 weighted fair queuing scheme Use a strict priority scheme
Apply Help

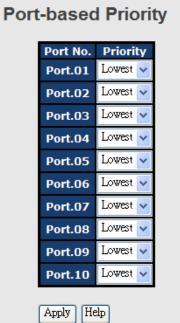
Traffic Prioritization interface

Label	Des	cription
QOS Mode		Port-base: the output priority is determined by
		ingress port.
		COS only: the output priority is determined by
		COS only.
		TOS only: the output priority is determined by
		TOS only.
		COS first: the output priority is determined by
		COS and TOS, but COS first.
		TOS first: the output priority is determined by
		COS and TOS, but TOS first.
QOS policy		Using the 8,4,2,1 weight fair queue scheme:
		the output queues will follow 8:4:2:1 ratio to
		transmit packets from the highest to lowest queue.
		For example: 8 high queue packets, 4 middle
		queue packets, 2 low queue packets, and the one
		lowest queue packets are transmitted in one turn.
		Use the strict priority scheme: always the
		packets in higher queue will be transmitted first



	until higher queue is empty.
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.9.2 Port-base priority

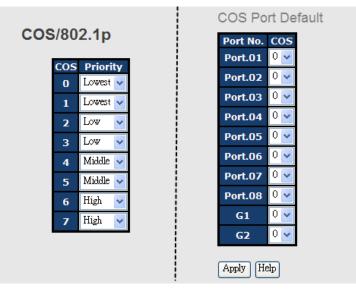


Port-based Priority interface

Port base Priority	Assign Port with a priority queue. 4 priority queues
	can be assigned: High, Middle, Low, and Lowest.
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.



5.1.9.3 COS/802.1p



COS/802.1p interface

-	
COS/802.1p	COS (Class Of Service) is well known as 802.1p. It
	describes that the output priority of a packet is
	determined by user priority field in 802.1Q VLAN tag.
	The priority value is supported 0to7.COS value map to 4
	priority queues: High, Middle, Low, and Lowest.
COS Port Default	When an ingress packet has not VLAN tag, a default
	priority value is considered and determined by ingress
	port.
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.



5.1.9.4 TOS/DSCP

TOS/DSCP

DSCP	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Priority	Lowest 🗸	Lowest 🗸	Lowest 🗸	Lowest 🐱	Lowest 🐱	Lowest 🐱	Lowest 🐱	Lowest 🗸
DSCP	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Priority	Lowest 🗸	Lowest 🗸	Lowest 🗸	Lowest 🐱	Lowest 🐱	Lowest 🐱	Lowest 🐱	Lowest 🗸
DSCP	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Priority	Low 🗸							
DSCP	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Priority	Low 🗸							
DSCP	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Priority	Middle 🗸	Middle 🗸	Middle 🔽	Middle 🗸				
DSCP	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
Priority	Middle 🗸	Middle 🖌	Middle 🗸					
DSCP	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
Priority	High 🗸	High 🗸	High 🔽					
DSCP	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Priority	High 🗸	High 🗸	High 🔽	High 🔽	High 🔻	High 🔽	High 🔽	High 🗸

Apply Help

TOS/DSCP interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen

TOS/DSCP	TOS (Type of Service) is a field in IP header of a packet.
	This TOS field is also used by Differentiated Services
	and is called the Differentiated Services Code Point
	(DSCP). The output priority of a packet can be
	determined by this field and the priority value is
	supported 0to63. DSCP value map to 4 priority
	queues: High, Middle, Low, and Lowest.
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.10 DHCP Server / Relay 5.1.10.1 DHCP Server – Setting

The system provides with DHCP server function. Enable the DHCP server function, the switch system will be a DHCP server.



DHCP Server - Basic Setting		
DHCP Server :	Disable ⊻	
Low IP Address	192.168.10.2	
High IP Address	192.168.10.200	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Gateway	192.168.10.254	
DNS	0.0.0.0	
Lease Time (sec)	604800	
Apply Help		

DHCP Server Configuration interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description	
DHCP Server	Enable or Disable the DHCP Server function. Enable – the	
	switch will be the DHCP server on your local network	
Start IP	The dynamic IP assign range. Low IP address is the beginning	
Address	of the dynamic IP assigns range. For example: dynamic IP	
	assign range is from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200.	
	192.168.1.100 will be the Start IP address.	
End IP Address	The dynamic IP assign range. High IP address is the end of	
	the dynamic IP assigns range. For example: dynamic IP	
	assign range is from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200.	
	192.168.1.200 will be the End IP address	
Subnet Mask	The dynamic IP assign range subnet mask	
Gateway	The gateway in your network.	
DNS	Domain Name Server IP Address in your network.	
Lease Time	It is the period that system will reset the assigned dynamic IP	
(Hour)	to ensure the IP address is in used.	
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.	

5.1.10.2 DHCP Server – Client List

When the DHCP server function is activated, the system will collect the DHCP client information and display in here.



DHCP Server - Client ListIP addrClient IDTypeStatusLease192.168.10.200:1E:94:3A:04:B0dynamicDHCPOffer604798

DHCP Server Client Entries interface

5.1.10.3 DHCP Server – Port and IP bindings

You can assign the specific IP address which is in the assigned dynamic IP range to the specific port. When the device is connecting to the port and asks for dynamic IP assigning, the system will assign the IP address that has been assigned before in the connected device.

DHC	HCP Server - Port and IP Binding				
	Port	IP			
	Port.01	192.168.10.123			
	Port.02	0.0.0.0			
	Port.03	0.0.0.0			
	Port.04	0.0.0.0			
	Port.05	0.0.0.0			

DHCP Server Port and IP Binding interface

5.1.10.4 DHCP Server – DHCP Relay Agent

The DHCP relay agent relays DHCP messages between clients and servers for DHCP on different subnet domain. DHCP relay agent use Option 82 to insert specific information into a request that is being forwarded to a DHCP server, and according to Option 82 to remove the specific information from reply packets when forwarding server DHCP packets to a DHCP client.



DHCP Relay Agent

Mode : Enable 🗸

DHCP Server IP Address

1st Server IP	0.0.0.0	VID	1
2nd Server IP	0.0.0.0	VID	1
3rd Server IP	0.0.0.0	VID	1
4th Server IP	0.0.0.0	VID	1

DHCP Option 82 Remote ID

Туре	P V
Value	192.168.10.1
Display	C0A80A01

DHCP Option 82 Circuit-ID Table

Port No.	Circuit-ID	Option 82
Port.01	000400010001	
Port.02	000400010002	
Port.03	000400010003	
Port.04	000400010004	
Port.05	000400010005	
Port.06	000400010006	
Port.07	000400010007	
Port.08	000400010008	
Port.09	000400010009	
Port.10	00040001000a	

Label	Description
DHCP Relay	Enable/Disable DHCP Relay Agent.
DHCP Server	Specify the IP address and VID of DHCP server. Keep "0.0.0.0"
IP Address and	means server is inactive.
VID	
DHCP Option	"Option 82 Remote ID" provides a identifier for the remote



82 Remote ID	server. There are 4 types supported: IP, MAC, Client-ID, and	
	Other.	
DHCP Option	"Option 82 Circuit-ID" encodes an agent-local identifier of the	
82 Circuit-ID	circuit from which a DHCP client-to-server packet was	
Table	received. It is intended for use by agents in relaying DHCP	
	responses back to the proper circuit.	
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.	

5.1.11 SNMP

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is the protocol developed to manage nodes (servers, workstations, routers, switches and hubs etc.) on an IP network. SNMP enables network administrators to manage network performance, find and solve network problems, and plan for network growth. Network management systems learn of problems by receiving traps or change notices from network devices implementing SNMP.

5.1.11.1 SNMP – Agent Setting

You can set SNMP agent related information by Agent Setting Function.



SNMP – Agent setting interface

Label	Description
SNMP agent	Three SNMP versions are supported such as SNMP



Manajan		
Version	V1/SNMP V2c, and SNMP V3. SNMP V1/SNMP V2c agent	
	use a community string match for authentication, that	
	means SNMP servers' access objects with read-only or	
	read/write permissions with the community default string	
	public/private. SNMP V3 requires an authentication level	
	of MD5 or DES to encrypt data to enhance data security.	
SNMP V1/V2c	SNMP Community should be set for SNMP V1/V2c. Four	
Community	sets of "Community String/Privilege" are supported.	
	Each Community String is maximum 32 characters. Keep	
	empty to remove this Community string.	
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.	
Help	Show help file.	

5.1.11.2 SNMP – Trap Setting

A trap manager is a management station that receives traps, the system alerts generated by the switch. If no trap manager is defined, no traps will issue. Create a trap manager by entering the IP address of the station and a community string. To define management stations as trap manager and enter SNMP community strings and selects the SNMP version.

SNMP - Trap Setting

Trap Server Setting

Server IP			
Community			
Trap Version	⊙ V1 ○V2c		
Add			
From Comvor D	na fila		
I FAD Server P	rotile		
Frap Server P	ronie		
Server IP	Community	Trap Version	
-		Trap Version	
Server IP		Trap Version	
Server IP		Trap Version	
Server IP		Trap Version	
Server IP		Trap Version	





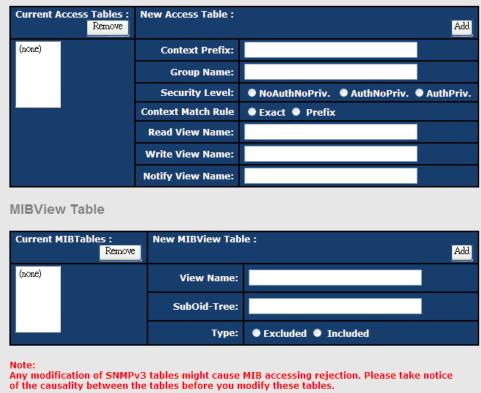
The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description	
Server IP	The server IP address to receive Trap	
Community	Community for authentication	
Trap Version	Trap Version supports V1 and V2c and V3	
Add	Add trap server profile.	
Remove	Remove trap server profile.	
Help	Show help file.	

5.1.11.3 SNMPV3

IMP - SNMPv3 Setti	ng				
SNMPv3 Engine ID: 1	f465000003001e940a00	2b			
Context Table					
Context Name :		Apply			
User Table					
Current User Profiles : Remove	New User Profile :	Add			
(none)	User ID:				
	Authentication Password:				
	Privacy Password:				
Group Table					
Current Group content :	New Group Table:	Add			
(none)	Security Name (User ID):				
	Group Name:				





The following	table	describes	the	labels	in	this screen
---------------	-------	-----------	-----	--------	----	-------------

Label	Description		
Context Table	Configure SNMP v3 context table. Assign the context name of		
	context table. Click "Apply" to change context name		
User Table	1. Configure SNMP v3 user table.		
	2. User ID: set up the user name.		
	3. Authentication Password: set up the		
	authentication password.		
	4. Privacy Password: set up the private password.		
	5. Click "Add" to add context name.		
	6. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.		
Group Table	1. Configure SNMP v3 group table.		
	2. Security Name (User ID): assign the user name		
	that you have set up in user table.		
	3. Group Name: set up the group name.		
	4. Click "Add" to add context name.		
	5. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.		



Access Table	1. Configure SNMP v3 access table.
	<u> </u>
	2. Context Prefix: set up the context name.
	3. Group Name: set up the group.
	4. Security Level: select the access level.
	5. Context Match Rule: select the context match rule.
	6. Read View Name: set up the read view.
	7. Write View Name: set up the write view.
	8. Notify View Name: set up the notify view.
	9. Click "Add" to add context name.
	10. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.
MIBview Table	1. Configure MIB view table.
	2. ViewName: set up the name.
	3. Sub-Oid Tree: fill the Sub OID.
	4. Type: select the type – exclude or included.
	5. Click "Add" to add context name.
	6. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.12 Security

Five useful functions can enhance security of switch: IP Security, Port Security, MAC Blacklist, and MAC address Aging and 802.1x protocol.

5.1.12.1 Management Security

Only IP in the Secure IP List can manage the switch through your defined management mode. (WEB, Telnet, SNMP)

Mode : Enable 🖌		
 Enable WEB Management Enable Telnet Management Enable SNMP Management 		
Secure IP List		
Secure IP1 0.0.0.0		
Secure IP2	0.0.0.0	

IP Security interface



Label	Description
IP security MODE	Enable/Disable the IP security function.
Enable WEB	Mark the blank to enable WEB Management.
Management	
Enable Telnet	Mark the blank to enable Telnet Management.
Management	
Enable SNMP	Mark the blank to enable MPSN Management.
Management	
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

5.1.12.2 Static MAC Forwarding

Static MAC Forwarding is to add static MAC addresses to hardware forwarding database. If port security is enabled at **Port Control** page, only the frames with MAC addresses in this list will be forwarded, otherwise will be discarded.

MAC Address :	
Port No : Port.01 💌]
Add Help	
MAC Address	Port No.
MAC Address	

Port Security interface

Label	Description
MAC Address	Input MAC Address to a specific port.
Port NO.	Select port of switch.
Add	Add an entry of MAC and port information.
Delete	Delete the entry.
Help	Show help file.



5.1.12.3 MAC Blacklist

MAC Blacklist can eliminate the traffic forwarding to specific MAC addresses in list. Any frames forwarding to MAC addresses in this list will be discarded. Thus the target device will never receive any frame.

MAC Address :	
Add Help	
MAC Address	
MAC Address 001E94123456	

MAC Blacklist interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
MAC Address	Input MAC Address to add to MAC Blacklist.
Port NO.	Select port of switch.
Add	Add an entry to Blacklist table.
Delete	Delete the entry.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.12.4 802.1x

802.1x - Radius Server

The 802.1x makes the use of the physical access characteristics of IEEE802 LAN infrastructures in order to provide a authenticated and authorized devices attached to a LAN port. Please refer to IEEE 802.1X - Port Based Network Access Control.



802.1x - Radius Server

Radius Server Setting

802.1x Protocol	Enable 🖌
Radius Server IP	192.168.16.3
Server Port	1812
Accounting Port	1813
Shared Key	12345678
NAS, Identifier	NAS_L2_SWITCH

Advanced Setting

Quiet Period	60
TX Period	30
Supplicant Timeout	30
Server Timeout	30
Max Requests	2
Re-Auth Period	3600

Apply Help

802.1x Radius Server interface

Label	Description
802.1x Protocol	Enable or Disable 802.1X Radius Server function.
Radius Server IP	The IP address of the authentication server.
Server port	Set the UDP port number used by the authentication server
	to authenticate.
Account port	Set the UDP destination port for accounting requests to the
	specified Radius Server.
Shared Key	A key shared between this switch and authentication server.
NAS, Identifier	A string used to identify this switch.
Advanced Setting	
Quiet Period	Set the time interval between authentication failure and the
	start of a new authentication attempt.
Tx Period	Set the time that the switch can wait for response to an EAP
	request/identity frame from the client before resending the



	request.
Supplicant	Set the period of time the switch waits for a supplicant
Timeout	response to an EAP request.
Server Timeout	Set the period of time the switch waits for a Radius server
	response to an authentication request.
Max Requests	Set the maximum number of times to retry sending packets
	to the supplicant.
Re-Auth Period	Set the period of time after which clients connected must be
	re-authenticated.
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

802.1x-Port Authorized Mode

Set the 802.1x authorized mode of each port.

Port.01 Accept Reject	Port No.	Port Authorize Mode
Reject	Port.01	Accept 🗸
Port.02	Port.02	Reject
	Port.03	Authorize

802.1x Por	rt Authorize	interface
------------	--------------	-----------

Label	Description
Port Authorized Mode	■ Reject: force this port to be unauthorized.
	• Accept: force this port to be authorized.
	Authorize: the state of this port was
	determined by the outcome of the 802.1x
	authentication.
	Disable: this port will not participate in the
	802.1x.
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.



802.1x-Port Authorized Mode

Show 802.1x port authorized state.

Port No.	Port Authorize State
Port.01	Accept
Port.02	Accept
Port.03	Accept
Port.04	Accept
Port.05	Accept
Port.06	Accept
Port.07	Accept
Port.08	Accept
Port.09	Accept
Port.10	Accept

802.1x - Port Authorize State

802.1x Port Authorize State interface

5.1.12.5 IP Guard

IP Guard – Port Setting

This page allows you to configure port configuration of IP Guard. IP Guard is an intelligent and easy use function for IP security. It could protect the network from unknown IP(the IP not in allowed list) attack. The illegal IP traffic will be blocked.

Port No.	Mode
Port.01	Monitor 🖌
Port.02	Security 🔽
Port.03	Disabled 🐱
Port.04	Disabled 🐱

IP Guard – Port Setting State interface

Label	Description
Mode	Disable mode: function is totally disabled.
	 Monitor mode: function is disabled, but
	keeps monitor the IP traffic.
	 Security mode: function is enabled, the



	illegal IP traffic will be blocked.
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

IP Guard – Allow List

IP Guard is an intelligent and easy use function for IP security. It could protect the network from unknown IP(the IP not in allowed list) attack. The illegal IP traffic will be blocked.

This page allows you to configure IP Guard allowed list. The IP traffic will be blocked, if it was not in allowed list

Delete	IP		MAC		Port	Statu	IS
	192.168.10.66		001E94112547		G1	Active	~
Apply							
	IP		мас	F	Port	Statu	15

IP Guard – Allow List State interface

Label	Description
IP	IP address of the allowed entry.
MAC	MAC address of the allowed entry.
Port	Port number of the allowed entry.
Status	If you doubt some allowed IP traffic are abnormal, you
	could block the traffic use this field.
	Active: Allow the IP traffic.
	Suspend: Block the IP traffic.
Delete	If you want to delete the entry, please check this box
	and apply it.



IP Guard – Super-IP List

IP Guard is an intelligent and easy use function for IP security. It could protect the network from unknown IP (the IP not in allowed list) attack. The illegal IP traffic will be blocked.

This page allows you to configure IP Guard Super-IP list. Super-IP entry has a special priority; the IP has no limited of MAC address and port binding. Any IP traffic is allowed, when the IP is in the Super-IP list.

IP Guard - Super-IP List		
	IP Address :	
	Add Help	
	Super-IP List	
	IP Address	
	Delete	

IP Guard – Super-IP List State interface

IP Guard – Super-IP List

IP Guard is an intelligent and easy use function for IP security. It could protect the network from unknown IP(the IP not in allowed list) attack. The illegal IP traffic will be blocked.



IP Guard - Monitor List

Add to Allow List	IP	MAC	Port	Time
	192.168.10.66	001E94988989	Port.08	19700103 19:20
Intersection 192.168.10.66 001E94988989 Port.08 19700103 19:20 Apply Reload Clear Help				

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
IP	IP address of entry.
MAC	MAC address of entry.
Port	Port number of entry.
Time	The logged time.
Add to Allow List	If you want to allow the IP traffic, please check this box
	and apply it.

5.1.13 Warning

Warning function is very important for managing switch. You can manage switch by SYSLOG, E-MAIL, and Fault Relay. It helps you to monitor the switch status on remote site. When events occurred, the warning message will send to your appointed server, E-MAIL, or relay fault to switch panel.

System alarm support two warning mode: 1. SYSLOG. 2. E-MAIL. You can monitor switch through selected system events.

Warning – Fault Relay Alarm

When any selected fault event is happened, the Fault LED in switch panel will light up and the electric relay will signal at the same time.



Fault Relay Alarr	n
Power Failure	
PWR 1	PWR 2
Port Link Down	/Broken
Port.01	Port.02
Port.03	Port.04
Port.05	Port.06
Port.07	Port.08
Port.09	Port.10
Apply Help	

System Warning – SYSLOG Setting

The SYSLOG is a protocol to transmit event notification messages across networks. Please refer to RFC 3164 - The BSD SYSLOG Protocol

SYSLOG Setting			
	Syslog Mode	Both	
	Syslog Server IP Address	192.168.10.66	
	Apply Help		

System Warning – SYSLOG Setting interface

Label	Description	
SYSLOG Mode	■ Disable: disable SYSLOG.	
	Client Only: log to local system.	
	■ Server Only: log to a remote SYSLOG server.	
	Both: log to both of local and remote server.	
SYSLOG Server IP	The remote SYSLOG Server IP address.	
Address		



Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

System Warning – SMTP Setting

The SMTP is Short for Simple Mail Transfer Protocol. It is a protocol for e-mail transmission across the Internet. Please refer to RFC 821 - Simple Mail Transfer Protocol.

SMTP Setting

E-mail Alert: Enable 💌

SMTP Server IP Address :	192.168.10.66	
Mail Subject :	Automated Email Alert	
Sender :	test mail	
Authentication		
Rcpt e-mail Address 1 :	test@192.168.10.66	
Rcpt e-mail Address 2 :		
Rcpt e-mail Address 2 : Rcpt e-mail Address 3 :		

System Warning – SMTP Setting interface

Label	Description	
E-mail Alert	Enable/Disable transmission system warning events by	
	e-mail.	
SMTP Server IP	Setting up the mail server IP address	
Address		
Mail Subject	The Subject of the mail	
Sender	Set up the email account to send the alert.	
Authentication	■ Username: the authentication username.	
	■ Password: the authentication password.	
	Confirm Password: re-enter password.	



Recipient E-mail	The recipient's E-mail address. It supports 6	
Address	recipients for a mail.	
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.	
Help	Show help file.	

System Warning – Event Selection

SYSLOG and SMTP are the two warning methods that supported by the system. Check the corresponding box to enable system event warning method you wish to choose. Please note that the checkbox cannot be checked when SYSLOG or SMTP is disabled.

Event Selection

System Event

Event Type	Syslog	SMTP
Device cold start		
Device warm start		
Authentication failure		
O-Ring topology change		

Port Event

Port	Syslog	SMTP
Port.01	Link Down	Disable 💌
Port.02	Disable 💌	Link Up & Link Down 💌

System Warning – Event Selection interface

Label	Description	
Device cold start	When the device executes cold start, the system will	
	issue a log event.	
Device warm start	When the device executes warm start, the system will	
	issue a log event.	
Authentication	Alert when SNMP authentication failure.	
Failure		
O-Ring topology	Alert when O-Ring topology changes.	



change	
Port Event	Disable
	■ Link Up
	Link Down
	Link Up & Link Down
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.14 Monitor and Diag 5.1.14.1 System Event Log

If system log client is enabled, the system event logs will be shown in this table.

	: SYSLOG Server:192.168.10.66
1: Jan 3 19:35:12	: SYSLOG Enable!
Page.1 🔽	
Reload Clear	Help

System event log interface

Label	Description
Page	Select LOG page.



Reload	To get the newest event logs and refresh this page.	
Clear	Clear log.	
Help	Show help file.	

5.1.14.2 MAC Address Table

Refer to IEEE 802.1 D Sections 7.9. The MAC Address Table, that is Filtering Database, supports queries by the Forwarding Process, as to whether a frame received by a given port with a given destination MAC address is to be forwarded through a given potential transmission port.

C Address Table					
Port No. : ALL 💌					
Туре	MAC Address	Port No.			
Static	001122334455	Port.06			
Dynamic	001E94988989	Port.08			
Static	01005E000006	Port.05			
Flush Table Help MAC Address Aging Setting					
MAC Address Aging Time: 5 min. Auto Flush Table When Ports Link Down: Disable MAC Address Auto Learning: Enable					
Apply Help					

MAC Address Table interface

Label	Description
Port NO. :	Show all MAC addresses mapping to a selected port in
	table.
Flush MAC Table	Clear all MAC addresses in table
MAC Address	Assign aging time MUST be multiple of 15.
Aging Time	



Auto Flush Table	Enable this function, when port link down, switch will Flush
When Ports Link	MAC table.
Down	
MAC Address Auto	Enable or Disable MAC Learning function.
Learning	
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.

5.1.14.3 Port Overview

Port statistics show several statistics counters for all ports

Port Overview

Port No.	Туре	Link	State	TX Good Packet	TX Bad Packet	RX Good Packet	RX Bad Packet	TX Abort Packet	Packet Collision
Port.01	100TX	Down	Forwarding	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.02	100TX	Down	Forwarding	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.03	100TX	Down	Forwarding	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.04	100TX	Down	Forwarding	0	0	0	0	0	0

Port Overview interface

Label	Description
Туре	Show port speed and media type.
Link	Show port link status.
State	Show ports enable or disable.
TX GOOD Packet	The number of good packets sent by this port.
TX Bad Packet	The number of bad packets sent by this port.
RX GOOD Packet	The number of good packets received by this port.
RX Bad Packet	The number of bad packets received by this port.
TX Abort Packet	The number of packets aborted by this port.
Packet Collision	The number of times a collision detected by this port.
Clear	Clear all counters.
Help	Show help file.



5.1.14.4 Port Counters

This page shows statistic counters for the port. The "Clear" button is to reset all counters to zero for all ports.

Port No. : Port.01 🖌			
InGoodOctetsLo	InGoodOctetsHi	InBadOctets	OutFCSErr
0	0	0	0
InUnicasts	Deferred	InBroadcasts	InMulticasts
0	0	0	0
Octets64	Octets127	Octets255	Octets511
0	0	0	0
Octets1023	OctetsMax	OutOctetsLo	OutOctetsHi
0	0	0	0
OutUnicasts	Excessive	OutMulticasts	OutBroadcasts
0	0	0	0
Single	OutPause	InPause	Multiple
0	0	0	0
Undersize	Fragments	Oversize	Jabber
0	0	0	0
InMACRcvErr	InFCSErr	Collisions	Late
0	0	0	0

Port Counters interface

Label	Description		
	The lower 32-bits of the 64-bit InGoodOctets counter. The		
InGoodOctetsLo	sum of lengths of all good Ethernet frames received, that is		
	frames that are not bad frames.		
	The upper 32-bits of the 64-bit InGoodOctets counter. The		
InGoodOctetsHi	sum of lengths of all good Ethernet frames received, that is		
	frames that are not bad frames.		
InBadOctets	The sum of lengths of all bad Ethernet frames received.		
	The number of frames transmitted with a invalid FCS.		
	Whenever a frame is modified during transmission (e.g., to		
OutFCSErr	add or remove a tag) the frames's original FCS is inspected		
Outresen	before a new FCS is added to a modified frame. If the		
	original FCS is invalid, the new FCS is made invalid too and		
	this counter is incremented.		
InUnicasts	The number of good frames received that have a Unicast		
monicasts	destination MAC address.		
Defermed	The total number of successfully transmitted frames that		
Deferred	experienced no collisions bu are delayed because the		



	medium was busy during the first attempt. This counter is applicable in half-duplex only.
	The number of good frames received that have a
InBroadcasts	Broadcast destination MAC address.
	The number of good frames received that have a Multicast
InMulticasts	destnation MAC address.
	Total frames received (and/or transmitted) with a length of
Octets64	exactly 64 octes, include those with errors.
	Total frames received (and/or transmitted) with a length of
Octets127	
Octets127	between 65 and 127 octes in clusive, including those with
	error.
0	Total frames received (and/or transmitted) with a length of
Octets255	between 128 and 255 octes in clusive, including those with
	error.
	Total frames received (and/or transmitted) with a length of
Octets511	between 256 and 511 octes in clusive, including those with
	error.
	Total frames received (and/or transmitted) with a length of
Octets1023	between 512 and 1023 octes in clusive, including those
	with error.
	Total frames received (and/or transmitted) with a length of
OctetsMax	between 1024 and MaxSize octes in clusive, including
	those with error.
	The lower 32-bit of the 64-bit OutOctets counter. The sum
OutOctetsLo	of lengths of all Ethernet frames sent from this MAC.
	The upper 32-bit of the 64-bit OutOctets counter. The sum
OutOctetsHi	of lengths of all Ethernet frames sent from this MAC.
_	The number of frames sent that have an Unicast
OutUnicasts	destination MAC address.
	The number frames dropped in the transmit MAC because
	the frame experienced 16 consecutive collisions. This
Excessive	counter is applicable in half-duplex only and only of
	DiscardExcessive is one.
	The number of good frames sent that have a Broadcast
OutBroadcasts	destination MAC address.
	The total number of successfully transmitted frames that
Single	experienced exactly one collision. This counter is
	experienced exactly one comsion. This counter is





	applicable in half-duplex only.
OutPause	The number of good Flow Control frames sent.
InPause	The number of good Flow Control frames received.
InPause	
	The total number of successfully transmitted frames that
Multiple	experienced more than one collision. This counter is
	applicable in half-duplex only.
Underside	Total frames received with a length of less than 64 octets
Undersize	but with a valid FCS.
_	Total frames received with a length of more than 64 octets
Fragments	and with a invalid FCS.
	Total frames received with a length of more than MaxSize
Oversize	octets but with a valid FCS.
	Total frames received with a length of more than MaxSize
Jabber	octets but with an invalid FCS.
InMACRcvErr	Total frames received with an RxErr signal from the PHY.
ImpActer	Total frames received with a CRC error not counted in
InFCSErr	
	Fragments, Jabber or RxErr.
	The number of collision events seen by MAC not including
Collisions	those conted in Single, Multiple, Excessive or Late. This
	counter is applicable in half-duplex only.
	The number of times a collision is detected later than 512
Late	bits-times into the transmission of a frame. This counter is
	applicable in half-duplex only.

5.1.14.5 Port Monitoring

Port monitoring function supports TX (egress) only, RX (ingress) only, and both TX/RX monitoring. TX monitoring sends any data that egress out checked TX source ports to a selected TX destination port as well. RX monitoring sends any data that ingress in checked RX source ports out to a selected RX destination port as well as sending the frame where it normally would have gone. Note that keep all source ports unchecked in order to disable port monitoring.



Port Monitoring

Port No.	Destination Port		Source Port	
POIL NO.	RX	ТХ	RX	ТХ
Port.01	۲	۲		
Port.02	0	0		
Port.03	0	0		
Port.04	0	0		

Port monitoring interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Destination Port	The port will receive a copied frame from source port for
	monitoring purpose.
Source Port	The port will be monitored. Mark the blank of TX or RX to
	be monitored.
тх	The frames come into switch port.
RX	The frames receive by switch port.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.
Clear	Clear all marked blank. (disable the function)
Help	Show help file.

5.1.14.6 Traffic Monitor

The function can monitor switch Traffic. If traffic is too large, Switch will sent SYSLOG Event or SMTP Mail.

Traffic Monitor

Port No.	Monitored-Counter	Time-Interval (1~300s)	Increasing-Quantity
Port.01	RX Octet 🖌 🖌	3	1000
Port.02	RX Broadcast 🛛 🖌	3	1000
Port.03	RX Multicast 🛛 👻	3	1000
Port.04	RX Unicast 🛛 👻	3	1000
Port.05	RX Non-Unicast 🐱	3	1000
Port 06	Disahle 🔍	3	1000

System event log interface



Label	Description
Monitored –Counter	Select monitor type .
Time-Interval	Setting Interval time .
Increasing -	Setting alarm Quantity
Quantity	
Event Alarm	Select alarm function (SYSLOG or SMTP)

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

5.1.14.7 Ping

Ping function allows the switch to send ICMP packets to detect the remote notes.

Ping	Ping		
1	P Address : 192.168.10.66		
(Active Help		
I	Ping Log		
	Pinging 192.168.10.66: seq 1 sent Reply seq 1 from 192.168.10.66		
	Pinging 192.168.10.66: seq 2 sent Reply seq 2 from 192.168.10.66		
	Pinging 192.168.10.66: seq 3 sent Reply seq 3 from 192.168.10.66		
	Pinging 192.168.10.66: seq 4 sent Reply seq 4 from 192.168.10.66		
F	Ping complete: sent 4, received 4		
	Ping interface		

Label	Description
IP Address	Enter the IP address that you want to detect.
Active	Click "Active" to send ICMP packets



5.1.15 Save Configuration

If any configuration changed, "**Save Configuration**" should be clicked to save current configuration data to the permanent flash memory. Otherwise, the current configuration will be lost when power off or system reset.

Save Configuration	
Save Help	

System Configuration interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Save	Save all configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.16 Factory Default

Fac	ctory Default	
	 Keep current IP address setting? Keep current username & password? 	
	Reset Help	
	Factory Default interface	
Reset switch	to default configuration. Click Reset to reset all	
configurations to	the default value. You can select "Keep current IP	
address setting	" and "Keep current username & password" to keep	
current IP and use	ername and password.	
5.1.17 System System Rebo		
Boot from:		

	⊙ image bank 0 (k3.04 v1.00 built at May 21 2012,13:54:14)
	🔾 image bank 1: empty
Re	eboot Now

System Reboot interface



Command Line Interface

Management

6.1 About CLI Management

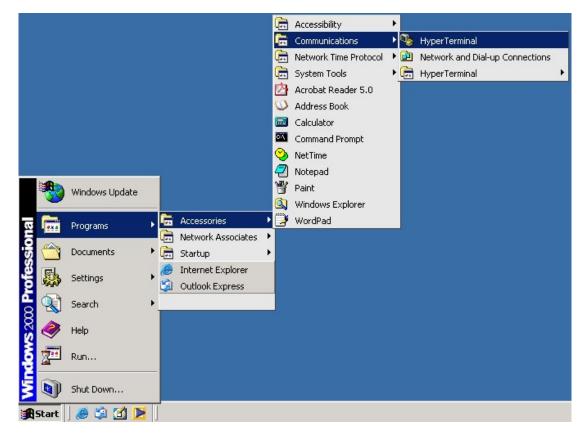
Besides WEB-based management, TES-3082GT-M12-BP1 also supports CLI management. You can use console or telnet to management switch by CLI.

CLI Management by RS-232 Serial Console (9600, 8, none, 1, none)

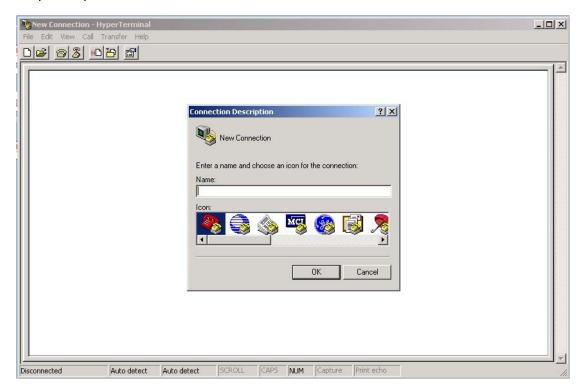
Before Configuring by RS-232 serial console, use an RJ45 to DB9-F cable to connect the Switches' RS-232 Console port to your PCs' COM port.

Follow the steps below to access the console via RS-232 serial cable.

Step 1. From the Windows desktop, click on Start -> Programs -> Accessories -> Communications -> Hyper Terminal







Step 2. Input a name for new connection

Step 3. Select to use COM port number

🇞 termnial - HyperTerminal		<u>×</u>
File Edit View Call Transfer Help		
		1 21
	Connect To	
	termnial	
	Enter details for the phone number that you want to dial:	
	Country/region: Taiwan (886)	
	Area code: 2	
	Phone number:	
	Connect using: COM1	
	OK Cancel	
Disconnected Auto detect	Auto detect SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print scho	



Step 4. The COM port properties setting, 9600 for Bits per second, 8 for Data bits, None for Parity, 1 for Stop bits and none for Flow control.

	1	mnial - HynerTerminal	
	<u>? ×</u>	M1 Properties	FC
	1	Port Settings	
		Bits per second: 9600 Data bits: 8 Parity: None Stop bits: 1	
	Restore Defaults Incel Apply	Flow control: None	-
CAPS NUM Capture Print echo	Auto detect SCROLL	nected Auto detect	Disco

Step 5. The Console login screen will appear. Use the keyboard to enter the Username and Password (The same with the password for Web Browser), then press "**Enter**".

960) - 超級終	端機				
檔案(F)	編輯(E)	檢視(♡)	呼叫(C)	轉送(<u>T</u>)	說明任)	
🗅 🚔	1	=D 🎦	P			
					TES-30826T-M12 Command Line Interface Username :	
					Password :	
連線 01:	23:02 V	[100J	9600 8-N	1 80	CROLL CAPS NUM 攝 列印	



CLI Management by Telnet

Users can use "**TELNET**" to configure the switches.

The default value is as below:

IP Address: 192.168.10.1

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway: 192.168.10.254

User Name: admin

Password: **admin**

Follow the steps below to access the console via Telnet.

Step 1. Telnet to the IP address of the switch from the Windows "**Run**" command (or from the MS-DOS prompt) as below.

Run	<u>?</u> ×
5	Type the name of a program, folder, document, or Internet resource, and Windows will open it for you.
Open:	telnet 192.168.10.1
	OK Cancel Browse

Step 2. The Login screen will appear. Use the keyboard to enter the Username and Password (The same with the password for Web Browser), and then press "**Enter**"

C:\	Telnet 192.168.10.1	- 🗆	×
			-
	TES-3082GT-M12-BP1		
	Command Line Interface		
	Username :		
	Password :		
			•



Commands Level

			Exit	
Modes	Access Method	Prompt	Method	About This Model
User EXEC	Begin a session	switch>	Enter	The user command
	with your switch.		logout or	available at the level
			quit.	of user is the subset
				of those available at
				the privileged level.
				Use this mode to
				• Enter menu mode.
				 Display system
				information.
Privileged	Enter the enable	switch#	Enter	The privileged
EXEC	command while		disable to	command is advance
	in user EXEC		exit.	mode
	mode.			Privileged this mode
				to
				 Display advance
				function status
				 save configures
Global	Enter the	switch(c	To exit to	Use this mode to
configuratio	configure	onfig)#	privileged	configure
n	command while		EXEC	parameters that
	in privileged		mode,	apply to your
	EXEC mode.		enter exit	Switch as a whole.
			or end	
VLAN	Enter the vlan	switch(vl	To exit to	Use this mode to
database	database	an)#	user EXEC	configure
	command while		mode,	VLAN-specific
	in privileged		enter exit .	parameters.
	EXEC mode.			
Interface	Enter the	switch(c	To exit to	Use this mode to
configuratio	interface	onfig-if)	global	configure
n	command (with a	#	configuratio	parameters for the
	specific		n mode,	switch and Ethernet
	interface)while in		enter exit .	ports.
	global		To exist	



configuration	privileged	
mode	EXEC mode	
	or end.	

Symbol of Command Level.

Mode	Symbol of Command Level
User EXEC	E
Privileged EXEC	Р
Global	G
configuration	
VLAN database	V
Interface	I
configuration	

6.2 Commands Set List—System Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
show config	Е	Show switch	switch>show config
		configuration	
show terminal	Ρ	Show console	switch#show terminal
		information	
write memory	Ρ	Save your	switch#write memory
		configuration into	
		permanent	
		memory (flash	
		rom)	
system name	G	Configure system	switch(config)#system name
[System Name]		name	xxx
system location	G	Set switch system	switch(config)#system location
[System Location]		location string	ххх
system description	G	Set switch system	switch(config)#system
[System		description string	description xxx
Description]			
system contact	G	Set switch system	switch(config)#system contact
[System Contact]		contact window	ххх
		string	
show system-info	Е	Show system	switch>show system-info



		information	
ip address	G	Configure the IP	switch(config)#ip address
[Ip-address]		address of switch	192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
[Subnet-mask]			192.168.1.254
[Gateway]			
ip dhcp	G	Enable DHCP client	switch(config)#ip dhcp
		function of switch	
show ip	Ρ	Show IP	switch#show ip
		information of	
		switch	
no ip dhcp	G	Disable DHCP client	switch(config)#no ip dhcp
		function of switch	
reload	G	Halt and perform a	switch(config)#reload
		cold restart	
default	G	Restore to default	Switch(config)#default
admin username	G	Changes a login	switch(config)#admin
[Username]		username.	username xxxxxx
		(maximum 10	
		words)	
admin password	G	Specifies a	switch(config)#admin
[Password]		password	password xxxxxx
		(maximum 10	
		words)	
show admin	Ρ	Show administrator	switch#show admin
		information	
dhcpserver enable	G	Enable DHCP	switch(config)#dhcpserver
		Server	enable
dhcpserver lowip	G	Configure low IP	switch(config)# dhcpserver
[Low IP]		address for IP pool	lowip 192.168.1.1
dhcpserver highip	G	Configure high IP	switch(config)# dhcpserver
[High IP]		address for IP pool	highip 192.168.1.50
dhcpserver	G	Configure subnet	switch(config)#dhcpserver
subnetmask		mask for DHCP	subnetmask 255.255.255.0
[Subnet mask]		clients	
dhcpserver gateway	G	Configure gateway	switch(config)#dhcpserver
[Gateway]		for DHCP clients	gateway 192.168.1.254
dhcpserver dnsip	G	Configure DNS IP	switch(config)# dhcpserver



[DNS IP]		for DHCP clients	dnsip 192.168.1.1
dhcpserver	G	Configure lease	switch(config)#dhcpserver
leasetime		time (in hour)	leasetime 1
[Hours]			
dhcpserver	Ι	Set static IP for	switch(config)#interface
ipbinding		DHCP clients by	fastEthernet 2
[IP address]		port	switch(config-if)#dhcpserver
			ipbinding 192.168.1.1
show dhcpserver	Ρ	Show configuration	switch#show dhcpserver
configuration		of DHCP server	configuration
show dhcpserver	Ρ	Show client entries	switch#show dhcpserver clinets
clients		of DHCP server	
show dhcpserver	Ρ	Show IP-Binding	switch#show dhcpserver
ip-binding		information of	ip-binding
		DHCP server	
no dhcpserver	G	Disable DHCP	switch(config)#no dhcpserver
		server function	
security enable	G	Enable IP security	switch(config)#security enable
		function	
security http	G	Enable IP security	switch(config)#security http
		of HTTP server	
security telnet	G	Enable IP security	switch(config)#security telnet
		of telnet server	
security ip	G	Set the IP security	switch(config)#security ip 1
[Index(110)] [IP		list	192.168.1.55
Address]			
show security	Ρ	Show the	switch#show security
		information of IP	
		security	
no security	G	Disable IP security	switch(config)#no security
		function	
no security http	G	Disable IP security	switch(config)#no security http
		of HTTP server	
no security telnet	G	Disable IP security	switch(config)#no security
		of telnet server	telnet



6.3	Commands	Set	List-Port	Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
interface	G	Choose the port	switch(config)#interface
fastEthernet		for modification.	fastEthernet 2
[Portid]			
duplex	I	Use the duplex	switch(config)#interface
[full half]		configuration	fastEthernet 2
		command to	switch(config-if)#duplex full
		specify the duplex	
		mode of operation	
		for Fast Ethernet.	
speed	Ι	Use the speed	switch(config)#interface
[10 100 1000 auto]		configuration	fastEthernet 2
		command to	switch(config-if)#speed 100
		specify the speed	
		mode of operation	
		for Fast Ethernet.,	
		the speed can't be	
		set to 1000 if the	
		port isn't a giga	
		port	
flowcontrol mode	I	Use the	switch(config)#interface
[Symmetric Asymm		flowcontrol	fastEthernet 2
etric]		configuration	switch(config-if)#flowcontrol
		command on	mode Asymmetric
		Ethernet ports to	
		control traffic	
		rates during	
		congestion.	
no flowcontrol	I	Disable flow	switch(config-if)#no flowcontrol
		control of	
		interface	
security enable	I	Enable security of	switch(config)#interface
		interface	fastEthernet 2
			switch(config-if)#security
			enable



no security	I	Disable security of	switch(config)#interface
		_	fastEthernet 2
			switch(config-if)#no security
bandwidth type all	I	Set interface	switch(config)#interface
		ingress limit	fastEthernet 2
		frame type to	switch(config-if)#bandwidth
		5.	type all
bandwidth type	I	Set interface	switch(config)#interface
broadcast-multicast-		ingress limit	fastEthernet 2
flooded-unicast		frame type to	switch(config-if)#bandwidth
		"accept	type
		broadcast,	broadcast-multicast-flooded-uni
		multicast, and	cast
		flooded unicast	
		frame"	
bandwidth type	Ι	Set interface	switch(config)#interface
broadcast-multicast		ingress limit	fastEthernet 2
		frame type to	switch(config-if)#bandwidth
		"accept broadcast	type broadcast-multicast
		and multicast	
		frame"	
bandwidth type	I	Set interface	switch(config)#interface
broadcast-only		ingress limit	fastEthernet 2
		frame type to	switch(config-if)#bandwidth
		"only accept	type broadcast-only
		broadcast frame"	
bandwidth in	I	Set interface input	switch(config)#interface
[Value]		bandwidth. Rate	fastEthernet 2
		Range is from 100	switch(config-if)#bandwidth in
		kbps to 102400	100
		kbps or to 256000	
		kbps for giga	
		ports,	
		and zero means	
		no limit.	
bandwidth out	I	Set interface	switch(config)#interface
[Value]		output bandwidth.	fastEthernet 2



		Rate Range is	switch(config-if)#bandwidth
		from 100 kbps to	out 100
		102400 kbps or to	
		256000 kbps for	
		giga ports,	
		and zero means	
		no limit.	
show bandwidth	Ι	Show interfaces	switch(config)#interface
		bandwidth control	fastEthernet 2
			switch(config-if)#show
			bandwidth
state	Ι	Use the state	switch(config)#interface
[Enable Disable]		interface	fastEthernet 2
		configuration	switch(config-if)#state Disable
		command to	
		specify the state	
		mode of operation	
		for Ethernet ports.	
		Use the disable	
		form of this	
		command to	
		disable the port.	
show interface	I	show interface	switch(config)#interface
configuration		configuration	fastEthernet 2
		status	switch(config-if)#show
			interface configuration
also and that a set a			interface configuration
show interface	I	show interface	switch(config)#interface
show interface status	I	show interface actual status	
	I		switch(config)#interface
	I		switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2
	I		switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show
status		actual status	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface status
status show interface		actual status show interface	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface status switch(config)#interface
status show interface		actual status show interface	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface status switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2
status show interface		actual status show interface	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface status switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show



	information	switch(config-if)#no accounting
--	-------------	---------------------------------

6.4 Commands Set List—Trunk command set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
aggregator priority	G	Set port group	switch(config)#aggregator
[1to65535]		system priority	priority 22
aggregator	G	Set activity port	switch(config)#aggregator
activityport			activityport 2
[Port Numbers]			
aggregator group	G	Assign a trunk	switch(config)#aggregator
[GroupID]		group with LACP	group 1 1-4 lacp workp 2
[Port-list]		active.	or
lacp		[GroupID] :1to3	switch(config)#aggregator
workp		[Port-list]:Member	group 2 1,4,3 lacp workp 3
[Workport]		port list, This	
		parameter could be	
		a port	
		range(ex.1-4) or a	
		port list separate by	
		a comma(ex.2, 3,	
		6)	
		[Workport]: The	
		amount of work	
		ports, this value	
		could not be less	
		than zero or be	
		large than the	
		amount of member	
		ports.	
aggregator group	G	Assign a static	switch(config)#aggregator
[GroupID]		trunk group.	group 1 2-4 nolacp
[Port-list]		[GroupID] :1to3	or
nolacp		[Port-list]:Member	switch(config)#aggreator group
		port list, This	1 3,1,2 nolacp
		parameter could be	
		a port	



		range(ex.1-4) or a	
		port list separate by	
		a comma(ex.2, 3,	
		6)	
show aggregator	Ρ	Show the	switch#show aggregator
		information of	
		trunk group	
no aggregator lacp	G	Disable the LACP	switch(config)#no aggreator
[GroupID]		function of trunk	lacp 1
		group	
no aggregator group	G	Remove a trunk	switch(config)#no aggreator
[GroupID]		group	group 2

6.5 Commands Set List-VLAN command set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
vlan database	Ρ	Enter VLAN	switch#vlan database
		configure mode	
vlan	v	To set switch VLAN	switch(vlan)# vlanmode 802.1q
[8021q gvrp]		mode.	or
			switch(vlan)# vlanmode gvrp
no vlan	v	Disable vlan	switch(vlan)#no vlan 2
[VID]		group(by VID)	
no gvrp	V	Disable GVRP	switch(vlan)#no gvrp
IEEE 802.1Q VLAN			
vlan 8021q port	V	Assign a access link	switch(vlan)#vlan 802.1q port 3
[PortNumber]		for VLAN by port, if	access-link untag 33
access-link untag		the port belong to a	
[UntaggedVID]		trunk group, this	
		command can't be	
		applied.	
vlan 8021q port	V	Assign a trunk link	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3
[PortNumber]		for VLAN by port, if	trunk-link tag 2,3,6,99
trunk-link tag		the port belong to a	or
[TaggedVID List]		trunk group, this	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3
		command can't be	trunk-link tag 3-20
		applied.	



vlan 8021q port	V	Assign a hybrid link	switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q port 3
[PortNumber]		for VLAN by port, if	hybrid-link untag 4 tag 3,6,8
hybrid-link untag		the port belong to a	or
[UntaggedVID]		trunk group, this	switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q port 3
tag		command can't be	hybrid-link untag 5 tag 6-8
[TaggedVID List]		applied.	
vlan 8021q	V	Assign a access link	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q
aggreator		for VLAN by trunk	aggreator 3 access-link untag 33
[TrunkID]		group	
access-link untag			
[UntaggedVID]			
vlan 8021q	V	Assign a trunk link	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q
aggreator		for VLAN by trunk	aggreator 3 trunk-link tag
[TrunkID]		group	2,3,6,99
trunk-link tag			or
[TaggedVID List]			switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q
			aggreator 3 trunk-link tag 3-20
vlan 8021q	V	Assign a hybrid link	switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q
aggreator		for VLAN by trunk	aggreator 3 hybrid-link untag 4
[PortNumber]		group	tag 3,6,8
hybrid-link untag			or
[UntaggedVID]			switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q
tag			aggreator 3 hybrid-link untag 5
[TaggedVID List]			tag 6-8
show vlan [VID]	V	Show VLAN	switch(vlan)#show vlan 23
or		information	
show vlan			

6.6 Commands Set List—Spanning Tree command set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
spanning-tree	G	Enable spanning	switch(config)#spanning-tree
enable		tree	enable
spanning-tree	G	Configure spanning	switch(config)#spanning-tree
priority [0to61440]		tree priority	priority 32767
		parameter	





spanning-tree	G	Use the	switch(config)# spanning-tree
	G		
max-age [seconds]		spanning-tree	max-age 15
		max-age global	
		configuration	
		command to	
		change the interval	
		between messages	
		the spanning tree	
		receives from the	
		root switch. If a	
		switch does not	
		receive a bridge	
		protocol data unit	
		(BPDU) message	
		from the root	
		switch within this	
		interval, it	
		recomputed the	
		Spanning Tree	
		Protocol (STP)	
		topology.	
spanning-tree	G	Use the	switch(config)#spanning-tree
hello-time [seconds]		spanning-tree	hello-time 3
		hello-time global	
		configuration	
		command to	
		specify the interval	
		between hello	
		bridge protocol	
		data units (BPDUs).	
spanning-tree	G	Use the	switch(config)# spanning-tree
forward-time	-		forward-time 20
[seconds]		forward-time global	
n d		configuration	
		command to set the	
		forwarding-time for	
		the specified	
		the specified	



			1
		spanning-tree	
		instances. The	
		forwarding time	
		determines how	
		long each of the	
		listening and	
		learning states last	
		before the port	
		begins forwarding.	
stp-path-cost	Ι	Use the	switch(config)#interface
[1to20000000]		spanning-tree cost	fastEthernet 2
		interface	switch(config-if)#stp-path-cost
		configuration	20
		command to set the	
		path cost for	
		Spanning Tree	
		Protocol (STP)	
		calculations. In	
		the event of a loop,	
		spanning tree	
		considers the path	
		cost when selecting	
		an interface to	
		place into the	
		forwarding state.	
stp-path-priority	I	Use the	switch(config)#interface
[Port Priority]		spanning-tree	fastEthernet 2
		port-priority	switch(config-if)#
		interface	stp-path-priority 127
		configuration	
		command to	
		configure a port	
		priority that	
		is used when two	
		switches tie for	
		position as the root	
		switch.	
	I		



stp-admin-p2p	I	Admin P2P of STP	switch(config)#interface
[Auto True False]		priority on this	fastEthernet 2
		interface.	switch(config-if)#
			stp-admin-p2p Auto
stp-admin-edge	Ι	Admin Edge of STP	switch(config)#interface
[True False]		priority on this	fastEthernet 2
		interface.	switch(config-if)#
			stp-admin-edge True
stp-admin-non-stp	I	Admin NonSTP of	switch(config)#interface
[True False]		STP priority on this	fastEthernet 2
		interface.	switch(config-if)#
			stp-admin-non-stp False
Show spanning-tree	Е	Display a summary	switch>show spanning-tree
		of the	
		spanning-tree	
		states.	
no spanning-tree	G	Disable	switch(config)#no
		spanning-tree.	spanning-tree

6.7 Commands Set List—QoS command set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
qos policy	G	Select QOS policy	switch(config)#qos policy
[weighted-fair strict		scheduling	weighted-fair
]			
qos prioritytype	G	Setting of QOS	switch(config)#qos prioritytype
[port-based cos-onl		priority type	
y tos-only cos-first			
tos-first]			
qos priority	G	Configure	switch(config)#qos priority
portbased		Port-based	portbased 1 low
[Port]		Priority	
[lowest low middle			
high]			
qos priority cos	G	Configure COS	switch(config)#qos priority cos
[Priority][lowest lo		Priority	22 middle



w middle high]			
qos priority tos	G	Configure TOS	switch(config)#qos priority tos 3
[Priority][lowest lo		Priority	high
w middle high]			
show qos	Ρ	Display the	switch>show qos
		information of	
		QoS configuration	
no qos	G	Disable QoS	switch(config)#no qos
		function	

6.8 Commands Set List—IGMP command set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
igmp enable	G	Enable IGMP	switch(config)#igmp enable
		snooping function	
Igmp-query auto	G	Set IGMP query to	switch(config)#Igmp-query
		auto mode	auto
Igmp-query force	G	Set IGMP query to	switch(config)#Igmp-query
		force mode	force
show igmp	Ρ	Displays the details	switch#show igmp configuration
configuration		of an IGMP	
		configuration.	
show igmp multi	Ρ	Displays the details	switch#show igmp multi
		of an IGMP	
		snooping entries.	
no igmp	G	Disable IGMP	switch(config)#no igmp
		snooping function	
no igmp-query	G	Disable IGMP query	switch#no igmp-query

6.9 Commands Set List—MAC/Filter Table command set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
mac-address-table	I	Configure MAC	switch(config)#interface
static hwaddr		address table of	fastEthernet 2
[MAC]		interface (static).	switch(config-if)#mac-address-table



			static hwaddr 000012345678
mac-address-table	G	Configure MAC	switch(config)#mac-address-table
filter hwaddr		address	filter hwaddr 000012348678
[MAC]		table(filter)	
show	Р	Show all MAC	switch#show mac-address-table
mac-address-table		address table	
show	Р	Show static MAC	switch#show mac-address-table
mac-address-table		address table	static
static			
show	Ρ	Show filter MAC	switch#show mac-address-table
mac-address-table		address table.	filter
filter			
no	I	Remove an entry	switch(config)#interface
mac-address-table		of MAC address	fastEthernet 2
static hwaddr		table of interface	switch(config-if)#no
[MAC]		(static)	mac-address-table static hwaddr
			000012345678
no	G	Remove an entry	switch(config)#no
mac-address-table		of MAC address	mac-address-table filter hwaddr
filter hwaddr		table (filter)	000012348678
[MAC]			
no	G	Remove dynamic	switch(config)#no
mac-address-table		entry of MAC	mac-address-table
		address table	

6.10Commands Set List—SNMP command set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
snmp agent-mode	G	Select the agent	switch(config)#snmp
[v1v2c v3]		mode of SNMP	agent-mode v1v2c
snmp-server host	G	Configure SNMP	switch(config)#snmp-server
[IP address]		server host	host 192.168.10.50 community
community		information and	public trap-version v1
[Community-string]		community string	(remove)
trap-version			Switch(config)#



[v1 v2c]			no snmp-server host
			192.168.10.50
snmp	G	Configure the	switch(config)#snmp
community-strings	•	community string	community-strings public right
[Community-string]		right	RO
right		gc.	or
[RO RW]			switch(config)#snmp
[]			community-strings public right
			RW
snmp snmpv3-user	G	Configure the	switch(config)#snmp
[User Name]	-	userprofile for	snmpv3-user test01 password
password		SNMPV3 agent.	AuthPW PrivPW
[Authentication		Privacy password	
Password] [Privacy		could be empty.	
Password]			
show snmp	Р	Show SNMP	switch#show snmp
	-	configuration	
show snmp-server	Р	<u> </u>	switch#show snmp-server
	-	server information	
no snmp	G	Remove the	switch(config)#no snmp
community-strings		specified	community-strings public
[Community]		community.	
no snmp	G	Remove specified	switch(config)# no snmp
snmpv3-user		user of SNMPv3	snmpv3-user test01 password
[User Name]		agent. Privacy	AuthPW PrivPW
password		password could be	
[Authentication		empty.	
Password] [Privacy			
Password]			
no snmp-server host	G	Remove the SNMP	switch(config)#no snmp-server
[Host-address]		server host.	192.168.10.50

6.11Commands Set List—Port Mirroring command set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
monitor rx	G	Set RX destination	switch(config)#monitor rx
		port of monitor	



		function	
monitor tx	G	Set TX destination	switch(config)#monitor tx
		port of monitor	
		function	
show monitor	Ρ	Show port monitor	switch#show monitor
		information	
monitor	I	Configure source	switch(config)#interface
[RX TX Both]		port of monitor	fastEthernet 2
		function	switch(config-if)#monitor RX
show monitor	I	Show port monitor	switch(config)#interface
		information	fastEthernet 2
			switch(config-if)#show monitor
no monitor	I	Disable source port	switch(config)#interface
		of monitor function	fastEthernet 2
			switch(config-if)#no monitor

6.12Commands Set List—802.1x command set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
8021x enable	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)# 8021x enable
		global configuration	
		command to enable	
		802.1x protocols.	
8021x system	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)# 8021x system
radiousip		system radious IP	radiousip 192.168.1.1
[IP address]		global configuration	
		command to	
		change the radious	
		server IP.	
8021x system	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)# 8021x system
serverport		system server port	serverport 1815
[port ID]		global configuration	
		command to	
		change the radious	
		server port	
8021x system	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)# 8021x system
accountport		system account	accountport 1816



[port ID]		port global	
[boild TD]		configuration	
		command to	
		change the	
		accounting port	
8021x system	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)# 8021x system
sharekey		system share key	sharekey 123456
[ID]		global configuration	
		command to	
		change the shared	
		key value.	
8021x system nasid	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)# 8021x system
[words]		system nasid global	nasid test1
		configuration	
		command to	
		change the NAS ID	
8021x misc	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)# 8021x misc
quietperiod		misc quiet period	quietperiod 10
[sec.]		global configuration	
		command to	
		specify the quiet	
		period value of the	
		switch.	
8021x misc txperiod	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)# 8021x misc
[sec.]		misc TX period	txperiod 5
		global configuration	
		command to set the	
		TX period.	
8021x misc	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)# 8021x misc
supportimeout		misc supp timeout	supportimeout 20
[sec.]		global configuration	
		command to set the	
		supplicant timeout.	
8021x misc	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)#8021x misc
servertimeout		misc server timeout	
[sec.]		global configuration	
		command to set the	



		server timeout.	
8021x misc	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)# 8021x misc
maxrequest		misc max request	maxrequest 3
[number]		global configuration	
		command to set the	
		MAX requests.	
8021x misc	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)# 8021x misc
reauthperiod [sec.]		misc reauth period	reauthperiod 3000
		global configuration	
		command to set the	
		reauth period.	
8021x portstate	I	Use the 802.1x port	switch(config)#interface
[disable reject		state interface	fastethernet 3
accept authorize]		configuration	switch(config-if)#8021x
		command to set the	portstate accept
		state of the	
		selected port.	
show 8021x	Е	Display a summary	switch>show 8021x
		of the 802.1x	
		properties and also	
		the port sates.	
no 8021x	G	Disable 802.1x	switch(config)#no 8021x
		function	

6.13Commands Set List—TFTP command set

Commands	Level	Description	Defaults Example
backup	G	Save configuration	switch(config)#backup
flash:backup_cfg		to TFTP and need to	flash:backup_cfg
		specify the IP of	
		TFTP server and the	
		file name of image.	



restore	G	Get configuration	switch(config)#restore
flash:restore_cfg		from TFTP server	flash:restore_cfg
		and need to specify	
		the IP of TFTP	
		server and the file	
		name of image.	
upgrade	G	Upgrade firmware	switch(config)#upgrade
flash:upgrade_fw		by TFTP and need	lash:upgrade_fw
		to specify the IP of	
		TFTP server and the	
		file name of image.	

6.14Commands Set List—SYSLOG, SMTP, EVENT command set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
systemlog ip	G	Set System log	switch(config)# systemlog ip
[IP address]		server IP address.	192.168.1.100
systemlog mode	G	Specified the log	switch(config)# systemlog mode
[client server both]		mode	both
show systemlog	E	Display system	Switch>show systemlog
		log.	
show systemlog	Р	Show system log	switch#show systemlog
		client & server	
		information	
no systemlog	G	Disable systemlog	switch(config)#no systemlog
		functon	
smtp enable	G	Enable SMTP	switch(config)#smtp enable
		function	
smtp serverip	G	Configure SMTP	switch(config)#smtp serverip
[IP address]		server IP	192.168.1.5
smtp authentication	G	Enable SMTP	switch(config)#smtp
		authentication	authentication
smtp account	G	Configure	switch(config)#smtp account
[account]		authentication	User
		account	
smtp password	G	Configure	switch(config)#smtp password



I		[
[password]		authentication	
		password	
smtp rcptemail	G	Configure Rcpt	switch(config)#smtp rcptemail 1
[Index] [Email		e-mail Address	Alert@test.com
address]			
show smtp	Ρ	Show the	switch#show smtp
		information of	
		SMTP	
no smtp	G	Disable SMTP	switch(config)#no smtp
		function	
event	G	Set cold start	switch(config)#event
device-cold-start		event type	device-cold-start both
[Systemlog SMTP B			
oth]			
event	G	Set	switch(config)#event
authentication-failur		Authentication	authentication-failure both
e		failure event type	
[Systemlog SMTP B			
oth]			
event	G	Set s ring	switch(config)#event
O-Ring-topology-cha		topology changed	ring-topology-change both
nge		event type	
[Systemlog SMTP B			
oth]			
event systemlog	Ι	Set port event for	switch(config)#interface
[Link-UP Link-Down		system log	fastethernet 3
Both]			switch(config-if)#event
			systemlog both
event smtp	Ι	Set port event for	switch(config)#interface
[Link-UP Link-Down		SMTP	fastethernet 3
Both]			switch(config-if)#event smtp
			both
show event	Ρ	Show event	switch#show event
		selection	
no event	G	Disable cold start	switch(config)#no event
device-cold-start		event type	device-cold-start
no event	G	Disable	switch(config)#no event



			1
authentication-failur		Authentication	authentication-failure
e		failure event typ	
no event	G	Disable O-Ring	switch(config)#no event
O-Ring-topology-cha		topology changed	ring-topology-change
nge		event type	
no event systemlog	Ι	Disable port event	switch(config)#interface
		for system log	fastethernet 3
			switch(config-if)#no event
			systemlog
no event smpt	Ι	Disable port event	switch(config)#interface
		for SMTP	fastethernet 3
			switch(config-if)#no event smtp
show systemlog	Ρ	Show system log	switch#show systemlog
		client & server	
		information	

6.15Commands Set List—SNTP command set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
sntp enable	G	Enable SNTP function	switch(config)#sntp enable
sntp daylight	G	Enable daylight	switch(config)#sntp daylight
		saving time, if SNTP	
		function is inactive,	
		this command can't	
		be applied.	
sntp	G	Set period of daylight	switch(config)# sntp
daylight-period		saving time, if SNTP	daylight-period
[Start time] [End		function is inactive,	20060101-01:01
time]		this command can't	20060202-01-01
		be applied.	
		Parameter format:	
		[yyyymmdd-hh:mm]	
sntp daylight-offset	G	Set offset of daylight	switch(config)#sntp
[Minute]		saving time, if SNTP	daylight-offset 3
		function is inactive,	
		this command can't	



		be applied.	
sntp ip	G	Set SNTP server IP, if	switch(config)#sntp ip
[IP]		SNTP function is	192.169.1.1
		inactive, this	
		command can't be	
		applied.	
sntp timezone	G	Set timezone index,	switch(config)#sntp timezone
[Timezone]		use "show sntp	22
		timzezone"	
		command to get	
		more information of	
		index number	
show sntp	Ρ	Show SNTP	switch#show sntp
		information	
show sntp timezone	Ρ	Show index number	switch#show sntp timezone
		of time zone list	
no sntp	G	Disable SNTP	switch(config)#no sntp
		function	
no sntp daylight	G	Disable daylight	switch(config)#no sntp daylight
		saving time	

6.16Commands Set List—O-Ring command set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
Ring enable	G	Enable O-Ring	switch(config)# ring enable
Ring master	G	Enable ring master	switch(config)# ring master
Ring couplering	G	Enable couple ring	switch(config)# ring couplering
Ring dualhoming	G	Enable dual homing	switch(config)# ring
			dualhoming
Ring ringport	G	Configure 1st/2nd	switch(config)# ring ringport 7 8
[1st Ring Port] [2nd		Ring Port	
Ring Port]			
Ring couplingport	G	Configure Coupling	switch(config)# ring
[Coupling Port]		Port	couplingport 1
Ring controlport	G	Configure Control	switch(config)# ring controlport
[Control Port]		Port	2



Ring homingport	G	Configure Dual	switch(config)# ring homingport
[Dual Homing Port]		Homing Port	3
show Ring	Ρ	Show the	switch#show ring
		information of	
		O-Ring	
no Ring	G	Disable O-Ring	switch(config)#no ring
no Ring master	G	Disable ring master	switch(config)# no ring master
no Ring couplering	G	Disable couple ring	switch(config)# no ring
			couplering
no Ring dualhoming	G	Disable dual	switch(config)# no ring
		homing	dualhoming

Technical Specifications

ORing Switch Model	TES-3082GT-M12-BP1		
Physical Ports			
10/100 Base-T(X) Ports in M12 Auto MDI/MDIX with P.S.E.	8 x M12 connector (4-pin D-coding)		
10/100/1000Base-T(X) ports in M12	2 x (combinig 2 x M12 connectors 4-pin D-coding for 1 Gigabit port)		
RS-232 Serial Console Port	RS-232 in M12 connector (A-coding). Baud rate setting: 9600bps, 8, N, 1		
Technology			
Ethernet Standards	IEEE 802.3 for 10Base-T IEEE 802.3u for 100Base-TX IEEE 802.3ab for 1000Base-T IEEE 802.3x for Flow control IEEE 802.3x for Flow control IEEE 802.3ad for LACP (Link Aggregation Control Protocol) IEEE 802.1D for STP (Spanning Tree Protocol) IEEE 802.1D for STP (Spanning Tree Protocol) IEEE 802.1Q for VLAN Tagging IEEE 802.1w for RSTP (Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol) IEEE 802.1s for MSTP (Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol)		
	IEEE 802.1x for Authentication IEEE 802.1AB for LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol)		
MAC Table	8192 MAC addresses		
Priority Queues	4		
Processing	Store-and-Forward		
Switch Properties	Switching latency: 7 us Switching bandwidth: 5.6Gbps Max. Number of Available VLANs: 4096 IGMP multicast groups: 1024 Port rate limiting: User Define		
Security Features	Enable/disable ports, MAC based port security Port based network access control (802.1x) VLAN (802.1Q) to segregate and secure network traffic Supports Q-in-Q VLAN for performance & security to expand the VLAN space Radius centralized password management SNMP v1/v2c/v3 encrypted authentication and access security		
Software Features	STP/RSTP/MSTP (IEEE 802.1D/w/s) Redundant Ring (O-Ring) with recovery time less than 10ms over 250 units TOS/Diffserv supported Quality of Service (802.1p) for real-time traffic VLAN (802.1Q) with VLAN tagging and GVRP supported IGMP Snooping for multicast filtering Port configuration, status, statistics, monitoring, security SNTP for synchronizing of clocks over network Support PTP Client (Precision Time Protocol) clock synchronization DHCP Server / Client support Port Trunk support MVR (Multicast VLAN Registration) support Modbus TCP		
Network Redundancy	O-Ring Open-Ring O-Chain MRP STP/RSTP/MSTP		
Warning / Monitoring System	Relay output for fault event alarming Syslog server / client to record and view events Include SMTP for event warning notification via email		



	Event selection support
LED Indicators	
Power Indicator	Green : Power LED x 2
R.M. Indicator	Green : Indicate system operated in O-Ring Master mode
O-Ring Indicator	Green : Indicate system operated in O-Ring mode
Fault Indicator	Amber : Indicate unexpected event occurred
10/100Base-T(X) M12 Port Indicator	Up Green LED for port Link/Act indicator. Down Amber LED for port duplex/collision indicator.
10/100/1000Base-T(X) M12 Port Indicator	UP Green LED for port Link/Act indicator. Down Amber LED for 100Mbps indicator
Fault contact	
Relay	Relay output to carry capacity of 3A at 24VDC on M12 connector (5-pin A-coding)
Power	
Redundant Input Power	Dual DC inputs. 12~48VDC on 5-pin M23 connector
Overload Current Protection	Present
Physical Characteristic	
Enclosure	IP-40
Dimension (W x D x H)	170 (W) x 75 (D) x196 (H) mm
Weight (g)	1338 g
Environmental	
Storage Temperature	-40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F)
Operating Temperature	-40 to 70°C (-40 to 158°F)
Operating Humidity	5% to 95% Non-condensing
Regulatory approvals	
EMI	FCC Part 15, CISPR (EN55022) class A, EN50155 (EN50121-3-2, EN55011, EN50121-4)
EMS	EN61000-4-2 (ESD), EN61000-4-3 (RS), EN61000-4-4 (EFT), EN61000-4-5 (Surge), EN61000-4-6 (CS), EN61000-4-8, EN61000-4-11
Shock	IEC60068-2-27
Free Fall	IEC60068-2-32
Vibration	IEC60068-2-6
Safety	EN60950-1
Warranty	5 years